

Value of NAPRC Accreditation

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Affiliate Professor, Department of Surgery University of South Florida Morsani College of Medicine
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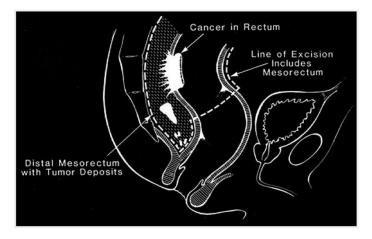
Visiting Professor, Department of Surgery and Cancer, Imperial College London
Past-President American Society of Colon and Rectal Surgeons | Past-President American Board of Colon and Rectal Surgery
Past-President Society of American Gastrointestinal and Endoscopic Surgeons | Chair, National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer
Past Vice-Chair and Board of Regents American College of Surgeons
Editor-in-Chief, Surgery



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Cancer of the Mesorectum



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Heald, Husband and Ryall, BJS, 1982

Local Recurrence without TME

Author	n	Local Recurrence (%)
Tonak et al 1982	248	21
Philips et al 1984	1988	18
Heiman et al 1986	329	16
Vlasak et al 1989	109	19
Holm et al 1994	347, 337	13, 8
Marsh et al 1995	75, 69	19, 4
Swedish Trial 1996	557	24
Arbman et al 1996	553, 211	9, 19

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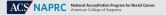
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Local Recurrence with TME

Author, year	n	+/- adjuvant therapy	Isolated local recurrence (%)
Heald, 1988	135	-	3.5
MacFarlane, 1993	135	ı	5
Enker, 1995	246	ı	7.3
Moriya, 1995	306	ı	6.2
Arbman, 1996	230	-	6
Bjekeset, 1996	118	+	4
Aitken, 1996	103	ı	0
Hill, 1998	122	+/-	4
Merchant, 1999	79	ı	9
Nissan, 2001	292	+/-	6.1
Kapiteijn, 2002	661	+/-	9
Law, 2002	270	+/-	4.4

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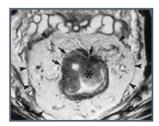
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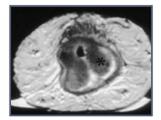


Thin-Section MRI for Rectal Cancer

The potential CRM can be demonstrated on the preoperative MRI

Highly correlated with the histological specimen



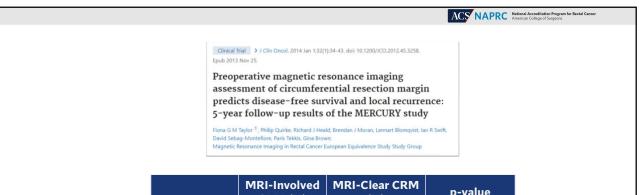




Brown et al. Radiology 1999 Brown et al. Br J Surg 2003

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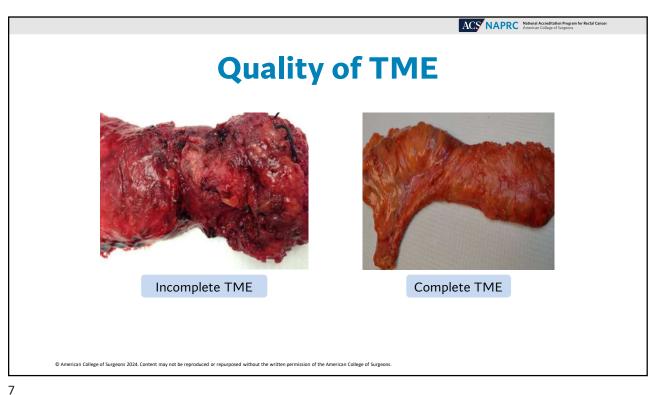
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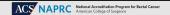
	MRI-Involved CRM (%)	MRI-Clear CRM (%)	p-value
5-year Overall Survival	42.2	62.2	<0.01
5-year Disease- Free Survival	47.3	6.0	<0.05
Local Recurrence	20.0	7.1	<0.001

Multivariate analysis: MRI-involved CRM was the only significant parameter for OS, DFS and LR

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Quality of TME – CLASSIC Study

Incomplete

Irregular mesorectum with defects >1cm² or incision down to the muscularis propria, little bulk of mesorectum and little clearance anteriorly

Near-Complete

Moderate bulk of mesorectum but some irregularity, moderate coning distally may be present

Complete

Good bulk of mesorectum, smooth surface, good clearance anteriorly, no defects in mesorectum

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The CLASSIC Trial - Jayne et al. J Clin Oncol. 2007

**Surgeon vs. pathologist evaluation of TME plane in 1152 specimens

**Concordance in 827 (86.4%) cases

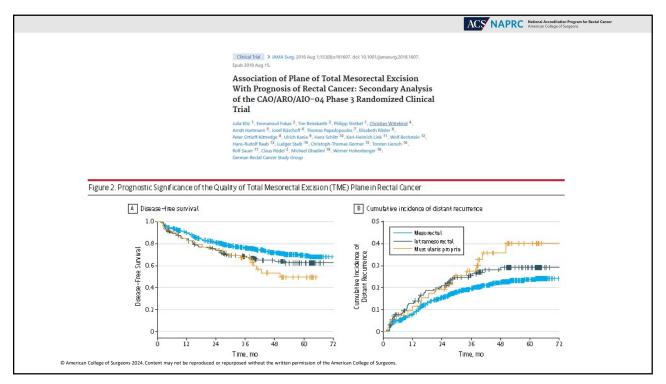
**Oncordance in 827 (86.4%) cases

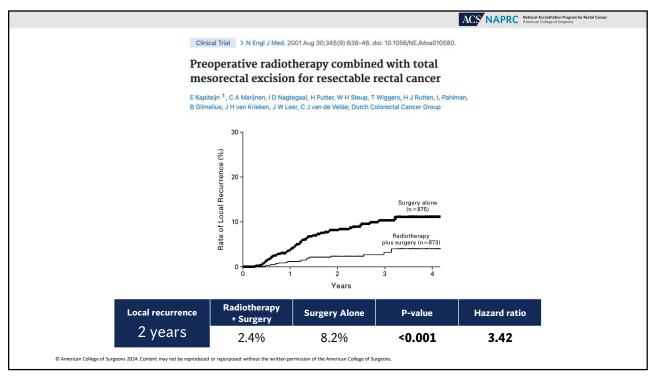
**When assessed by pathologists incomplete TME correlated with higher local recurrence and lower

OS

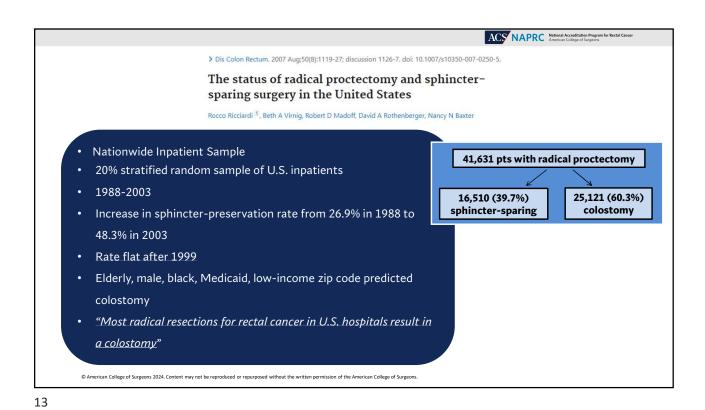
**When assessed by surgeons the TME plane failed to demonstrate significance

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	Haleu Fal	tors: 5	urgeo	n Volu
	Patients (n)	Morbidity	Post-OP Mortality	Recurrence
Bokey, 1997	922	-	\	\downarrow
Porter, 1998	683	↓	-	↓
Harmon, 1999	5739	-	↓	-
Hermanek, 1999	1121	-	-	\
Callahan, 2003	48528	↓	↓	-
Smith, 2003	5173	↓	↓	↓
Hao Wang, 2009	738	↓	↓	-
Borowski, 2010	8219	Ţ	\	\
Archampong, 2012	65726	n/a	↓	1
Hohenberger, 2013	1028	↓	ı.	_



ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancel
American College of Surgeons > Dis Colon Rectum. 2010 Jun;53(6):874-80. doi: 10.1007/DCR.0b013e3181cf6f58. Variability in reconstructive procedures following rectal cancer surgery in the United States Rocco Ricciardi ¹, Patricia L Roberts, Thomas E Read, Peter W Marcello, David J Schoetz, Nancy N Baxter Hospital discharge data from 21 states with county-level place of residence information (2002-04) 20,000 proctectomies 50% of cases non-restorative (APR) Only 20% of counties with colostomy rate <40% Colostomy **County Totals** All Counties (%) (%) 11 2.2 0-20 21-40 17.8 87 41-60 266 54.4 61-80 107 21.9 81-100 18 3.7 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development Calif.

> Dis Colon Rectum. 2011 Oct;54(10):1210-5. doi: 10.1097/DCR.0b013e31822867a5.

Who performs proctectomy for rectal cancer in the United States?

Rocco Ricciardi ¹, Patricia L Roberts, Thomas E Read, Nancy N Baxter, Peter W Marcello, David J Schoetz

- 11 states' hospital discharge data 2003-2004
 - >7500 proctectomies by 2600 surgeons
- 40% of surgeons performed <u>ONLY</u> non-restorative procedures (APR) for their rectal cancer patients!
 - higher mortality rates (2x) and longer lengths of stay (2 days)
- "Restorative" (LAR) surgeons were *specialized* by virtue of more pelvic pouch and anorectal procedures

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Colostomy Rates

Source	Year(s)	n	Country	Tumor distance from anal verge	Colostomy Rate
Norwegian Rectal C ancer Project	1993-1999	2,136	Norway	<12 cm	38%
Dutch Trial	1996-1999	1,805	Netherlands/Sweden	<15 cm	32%
MRC CRO-7	1998-2005	1,350	UK/Canada/NZ/SAF	<15 cm	35%
German Trial	1994-2002	799	Germany	<16 cm	25%
Trans-Tasman	2001-2006	323	Australia/New Zealand	<12 cm	33%
AHRQ and OSHPD (CA)	2002-2004	19,912	USA	rectum	50%

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Ricciardi et al. Dis Colon Rectum 2011

(+)ve CRM Rates: US vs. Europe

	NCDB (U.S.)	Lyon 96-02	German	Dutch	Polish	CRO-7 (U.K.)
Overall	17%	3%	3.5%	10%	12.9%/ 4.4%	11%
LAR	13%	-	-	8%	-	-
APR	21%	-	-	12%	-	-

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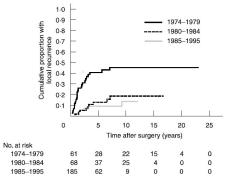
Centralized rectal cancer treatment

> Br J Surg. 1999 Mar;86(3):379-84. doi: 10.1046/j.1365-2168.1999.01040.x.

Changing strategy for rectal cancer is associated with improved outcome

M Dahlberg ¹, B Glimelius, L Påhlman

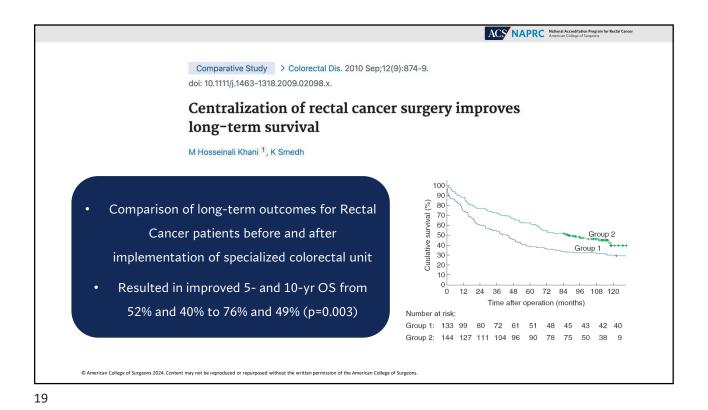
- Rectal Cancer cases between 1974-1995 in Uppsala, Sweden
 - In 1980 limited to colorectal unit
- Local Recurrence decreased from 47% to 13%
- Increase seen in cancer-specific survival

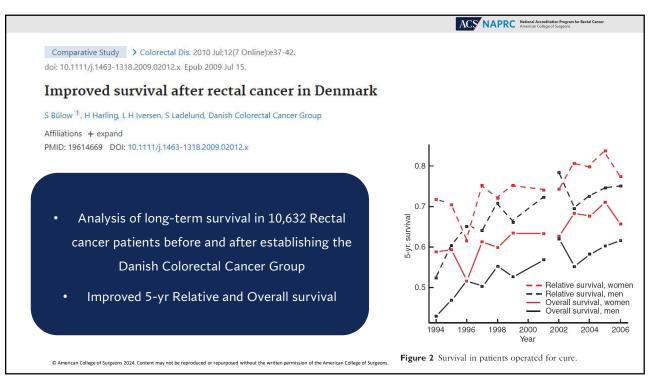


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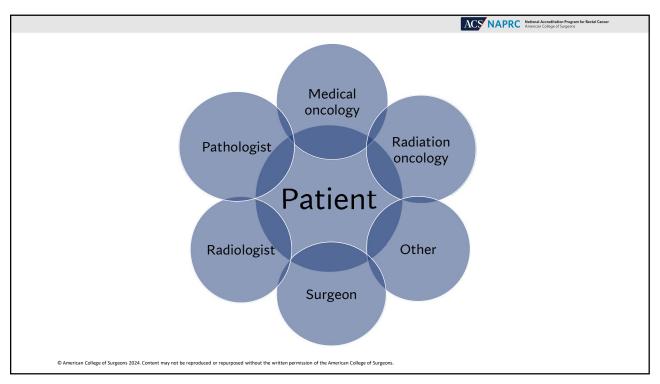
Fig. 2 Cumulative local recurrence rate among patients with resectable tumours undergoing curative surgery

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Impact	t of	Cen	ters	s of I	Exce	llend	e in	Euro	ope
•									•
Country	Year	TME ad	herence		ent stoma ate	Local Re	currence	Overall	Survival
33 a ,		-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+
Norway	2002	78%	92%			12%	6%	60%	73%
	2010	33%	31%			16	9	56%	65%
Netherlands Sweden	2010			38%	18%	8%	3.5%	38%	62%
Denmark	2010							37%	51%
Spain	2013						5%		88%
Belgium	2015							56%	77%



> Pathology. 2016 Jun;48(4):349-52. doi: 10.1016/j.pathol.2016.03.003. Epub 2016 Apr 21.

Structured pathology reporting improves the macroscopic assessment of rectal tumour resection specimens

Simon King ¹, Margaret Dimech ², Susan Johnstone ³

Comparison of data elements recorded between free text and synoptic reports									
Data Element Recorded	Free Text (n=50)	Synoptic Report (n=50)	P-value						
Relationship to the anterior peritoneal reflection	45 (90%)	50 (100%)	0.0218						
Intactness of mesorectum	38 (76%)	50 (100%)	0.0002						
Distance of tumor to the non-peritonealized CRM	38 (76%)	50 (100%)	0.0002						

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Multicenter Study > Am J Surg. 2020 Jul;220(1):165-169. doi: 10.1016/j.amjsurg.2019.09.036.

Completeness of operative reports for rectal cancer surgery

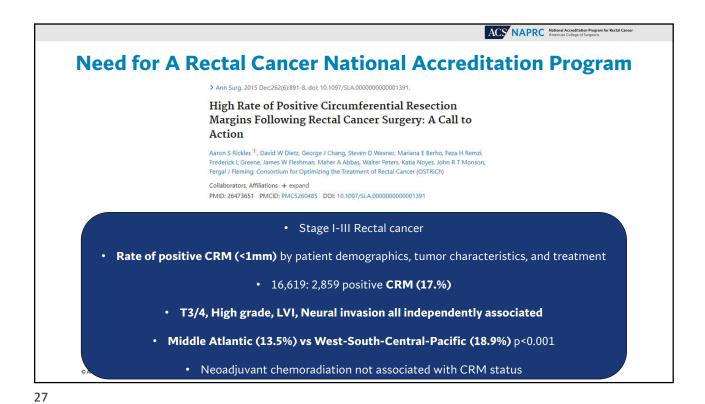
Arielle E Kanters 3 , Joceline V Vu 2 , Ari D Schuman 3 , Inga Van Wieren 3 , Ashley Duby 3 , Karin M Hardiman 4 , Samantha K Hendren 2

- Rectal cancer operative reports from **Jun** → **Dec 2018** from **10** Michigan hospitals
 - 100 operative reports reviewed
 - 62 (56%) reports used a synoptic template, 48 (44%) did not
 - Using a synoptic template significantly improved documentation
 - Synoptic reports contained 92% of required elements vs. 39% for narrative reports

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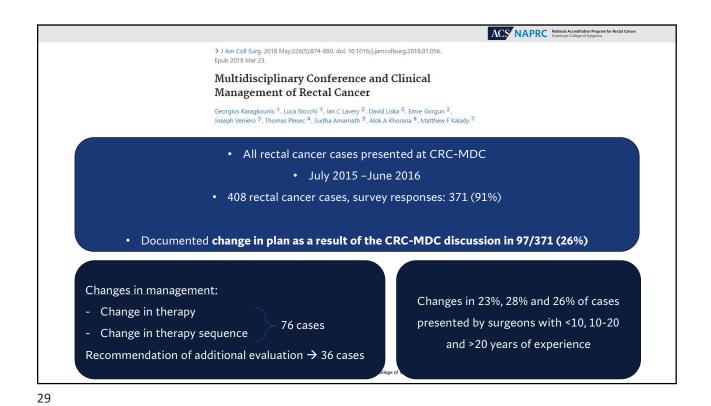
ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer
American College of Surgeons **Need for A Rectal Cancer National Accreditation Program** > Ann Surg. 2014 Oct;260(4):625-31; discussion 631-2. doi: 10.1097/SLA.000000000000028 Failure of evidence-based cancer care in the United States: the association between rectal cancer treatment, cancer center volume, and geography John R T Monson ¹¹, Christian P Probst, Steven D Wexner, Feza H Remzi, James W Fleshman, Julio Garcia-Aguilar, George J Chang, David W Dietz; Consortium for Optimizing the Treatment of Rectal Cancer (OSTRiCh) PMID: 25203879 DOI: 10.1097/SLA.0000000000000928 • National Cancer Data Base 2006-2011 • Stage II-III Rectal cancer: 30,994 pts · Significant variations in the use of neoadjuvant treatment by cancer center type, geographical location, hospital volume, age, sex, race, primary payer, urban/rural, co-morbidity, stage · Vast majority of patients treated in low (1-10/year) and intermediate (10-30/year) volume centers **23,808** vs **6,466** in **high volume centers** (>30/year) • Highest adherence observed in high volume centers 78% vs 69% p<0.001



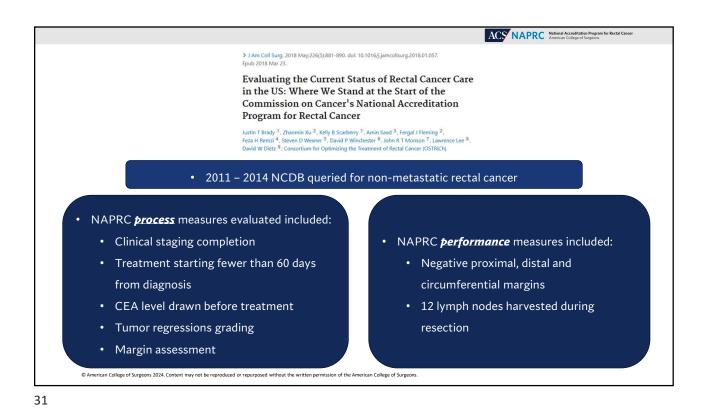
ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancel
American College of Surgeons J Gastrointest Surg (2013) 17:1863-1868 \$ DOI 10.1007/s11605-013-2276-4 EVII DABERS OF THE 124TH ACA ANNHAL MEETING Mu Failu The Ass David Surgic The long overdue inception of accreditation of centres for rectal Abbo Steve Wes Modern of Rectal High Pate of Positive Circumforential Possetion Margine Following Extended Intervals after Neoadjuvant Therapy in JAMA Surgery Ma Locally Advanced Rectal Cancer: The Key to **Improved Tumor Response and Potential Organ** Preservation Christian P Probst, MD, Adan Z Becerra, BA, Christopher T Aquina, MD, Mohamedtaki A Tejani, MD, Steven D Wexner, MD, FACS, Julio Garcia-Aguilar, MD, PhD, Feza H Remzi, MD, FACS, David W Dietz, MD, FACS, John RT Monson, MD, FACS, Fergal J Fleming, MD, on behalf of the Consortium for Optimizing the Surgical Treatment of Rectal Cancer (OSTRiCh)

JACS 2015; 221: 430-440

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ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer
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Multicenter Study > JAMA Surg. 2019 Jun 1;154(6):516-523. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2018.5521.

Evaluation of Access to Hospitals Most Ready to Achieve National Accreditation for Rectal Cancer Treatment

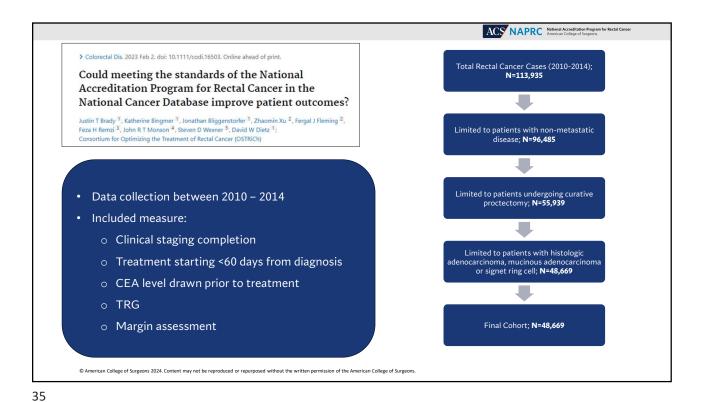
Alexis G Antunez 1 2, Arielle E Kanters 2 3, Scott E Regenbogen 2 3

- 1315 CoC accredited hospitals
- 38 (2.9%) met proposed thresholds for all 5 NAPRC process standards
 - 220 (16.7%) met the threshold on 4 standards
- Low-adherence hospitals were more likely to care for black and Hispanic patients (17.2% vs 10.1%; p<0.001)
- **High-volume hospitals had better 5-year survival outcomes** than low-volume hospitals (hazard ratio, 0.99; 95% CI, 0.99-1.00; P < .001)
 - No significant survival difference by hospital process standard adherence

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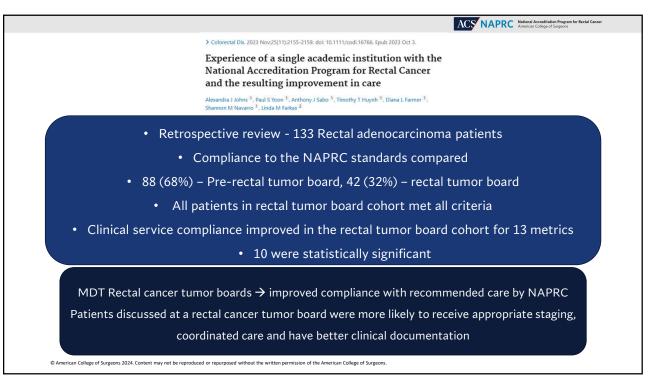


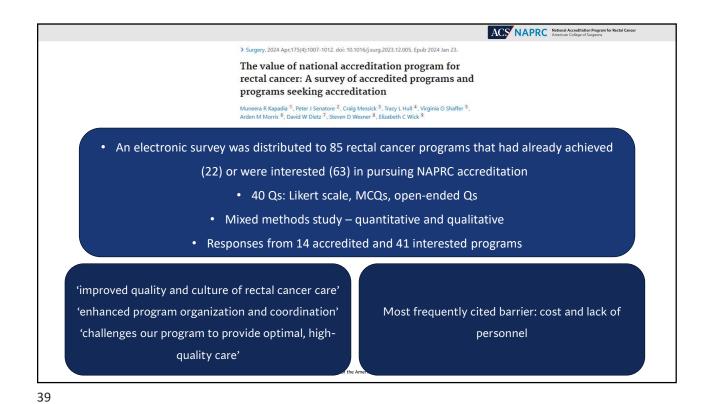
ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancel
American College of Surgeons > Colorectal Dis. 2023 Feb 2. doi: 10.1111/codi.16503. Online ahead of print. Could meeting the standards of the National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer in the National Cancer Database improve patient outcomes? Justin T Brady 1 , Katherine Bingmer 1 , Jonathan Bliggenstorfer 1 , Zhaomin Xu 2 , Fergal J Fleming 2 , Feza H Remzi 3 , John R T Monson 4 , Steven D Wexner 5 , David W Dietz 1 ; Consortium for Optimizing the Treatment of Rectal Cancer (OSTRICh) **Process Measures** Hazard ration (95% CI) 0.73(0.69 - 0.77)< 0.001 Clinical staging Serum CEA obtained prior to treatment 0.90 (0.86 - 0.95) < 0.001 0.93 (0.87 - 0.99) Treatment started within 60 days of diagnosis 0.03 Tumor regression grading 0.79(0.74 - 0.84)< 0.001 CRM assessed 1.04 (0.98 - 1.11) 0.21 Proximal and distal margin assessed 1.04 (0.86 - 1.26) 0.68 0.74 (0.70 - 0.79) All process measures < 0.001 Process Measures Achieved, n (%) Proximal and distal margin assessed (95%) 47,911 (98.4) Treatment started within 60 days of diagnosis (80%) 41,441 (85.2) 40,842 (83.9) CRM assessed (95%) Clinical staging (95%) 35,858 (73.7) 22,835 (67.4) Tumor regression grading (95%) Serum CEA obtained prior to treatment (75%) 31,050 (63.8) All process measures 10,636 (23.6) © American College of Surgeons 2024. Content may not be reproduced or repurposed without the written per

Could meeting the standards of the National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer in the National Cancer Database improve patient outcomes?

Judin 1 Budy *, Entherior Engines *, Joseph England *, Decembra 1, Decembra 1, Decembra 1, Decembra 1, Decembra 2, Engel J Rening *, Standard 1, Decembra 1, Decem

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Surgery, 2024 Apr;175(4):1007-1012. dok:10.1016/j.surg.2023.12.005. Epub 2024 Jan 23.

The value of national accreditation program for rectal cancer: A survey of accredited programs and programs seeking accreditation

Muneera R Kapadia ¹, Peter J Senatore ², Craig Messick ³, Tracy L Hull ⁴, Virginia O Shaffer ⁵, Arden M Morris ⁶, David W Dietz ⁷, Steven D Wesner ⁸, Elizabeth C Wick ⁹

The survey found significant perceived value of NAPRC accreditation

Adhering to standards and an MDT approach to rectal cancer care are critical components of high-quality care rectal cancer program

Observational Study. > J Am Coll Surg. 2024 Aug 1:239(2):98-105.
doi: 10.1097/XCS.0000000000001064. Epub 2024 Jul 17.

Association of National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer Accreditation with Outcomes after Rectal Cancer Surgery

Calista M Harbaugh * 2 , Nicholas J Kunnath * 2 , Pasithorn A Suwanabol * 2 , Justin 8 Dimick * 3 , Samantha K Hendren * 2 , Andrew M Ibrahim * 1 * 2

• Retrospective observational study of Medicare beneficiaries
• 65 to 99 with rectal cancer who underwent proctectomy from 2017 to 2020
• Primary outcome: Mortality (in-hospital, 30-day and 1-year) and 30-day complications, readmissions and reoperations

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Observational Study >) Am Coll Surg. 2024 Aug 1;239(2):98-105.

doi: 10.1997/XCS.000000000001064. Epub 2024 Jul 17.

Association of National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer Accreditation with Outcomes after Rectal Cancer Surgery

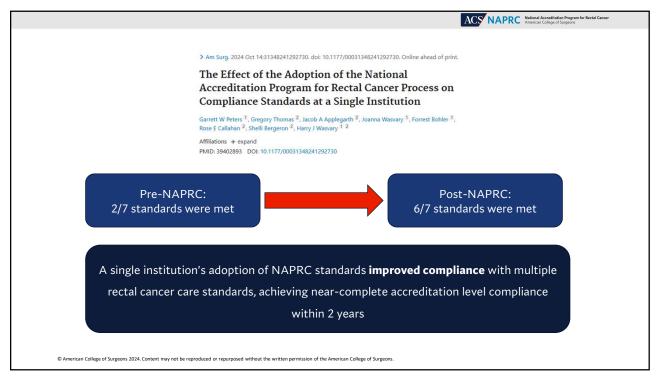
Calista M Harbaugh 1-2, Nicholas J Kunnath 2, Pasithorn A Suwanabol 1-2, Justin 8 Dimick 1-2, Samantha K Hendren 1-2, Andrew M Ibrahim 1-2

NAPRC-accredited hospitals have lower risk-adjusted morbidity and mortality for major rectal cancer surgery

Although NAPRC standards address variability in practice, without directly addressing surgical safety, findings suggest that NAPRC-accredited hospitals may provide higher quality surgical care

ACS NAPRC National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cance > Am Surg. 2024 Oct 14:31348241292730. doi: 10.1177/00031348241292730. Online ahead of print The Effect of the Adoption of the National Accreditation Program for Rectal Cancer Process on Compliance Standards at a Single Institution Garrett W Peters 1 , Gregory Thomas 2 , Jacob A Applegarth 2 , Jaanna Wasvary 1 , Forrest Bohler 1 , Rose E Callahan 2 , Shelli Bergeron 2 , Harry J Wasvary $^{1-2}$ Affiliations + expand · 353 Rectal cancer patients 2016 to 2023 • Retrospectively reviewed for compliance: NAPRC (207) vs. pre-selected patient care standards (146) · Pre-treatment standards: Post-NAPRC significantly higher compliance vs. pre-NAPRC • MRI (p=0.015), CT (p<0.001), CEA level (p<0.001) Post-operative standards: Post-NAPRC significantly higher compliance vs. pre-NAPRC • No significant differences: confirming a tissue diagnosis, starting treatment within 60-days, completing surgical pathology report © American College of Surgeons 2024. Content may not be reproduced or repurposed without the written permission of the American College of Surgeons

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