

Commission on Cancer Cancer Liaison Physicians Meeting

September 10, 2025



CoC

Commission on Cancer
American College of Surgeons

CoC Cancer Liaison Physicians Meeting

Maria Castaldi, MD, FACS

Chair

Committee on Cancer Liaison



Quan Ly, MD, FACS

Vice-Chair

Committee on Cancer Liaison

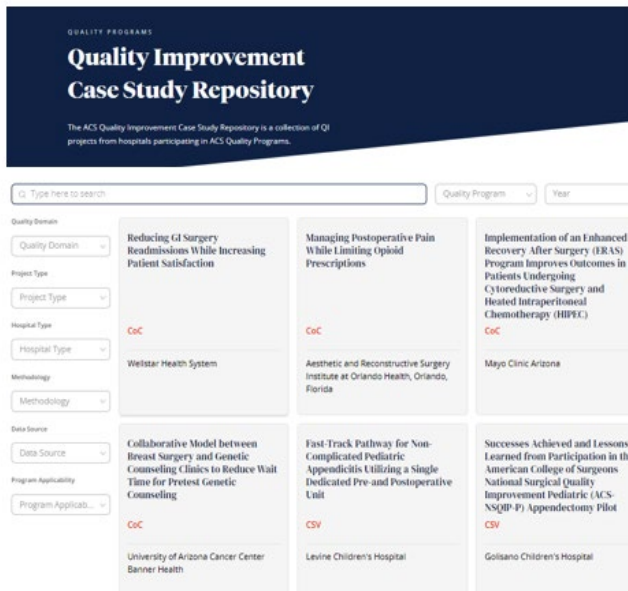


CoC Updates

- Annual CLP Survey
- Upcoming Meetings
 - State Chair/CLP Accreditation Office Hour: September 25
 - Operative Standards with Dr. Timothy Vreeland
 - CoC Plenary Session: October 4
 - 1:30 pm, Hyatt Regency McCormick Place, Chicago

Brief QI Updates

- National QI Project on Quality Measure BLCT1 (Administration of intravesical chemotherapy after TURBT)
 - Informational webinar in November (stay tuned to Cancer Program Newsletter for more info)
- Resource Reminders:
 - NEW! Cancer Coaching QI Calls



Quality Framework Toolkit

3 Min Print Share Bookmark

How Can I Get Started?

The Framework is a comprehensive document that, if completed correctly, will help your team conduct more efficient quality improvement projects. With so many to you, it can be difficult to know where to begin! Here are some steps to get you started.

1. **Read the Framework from start to finish.** While the Framework is broken into Planning, Conducting and Reflecting Phases, it is not intended to be used in a linear fashion. There are many criteria that you should be thinking about throughout your project to be successful.
2. **Download the tools and talk with your team about how you can use them.** The Framework provides a mechanism to plan and organize initial project considerations and will help you stay organized, track your progress, make any necessary adjustments along the way, and will increase the likelihood of a successful initiative. Completing the worksheet will ensure you've got all the framework components and criteria for your project.

Quality Framework

Quality Framework

Quality Framework Toolkit

Frequently Asked Questions

QUALITY FRAMEWORK ACS Quality Improvement Project	
Completed By:	
Project Title:	
Project Start Date:	
Charter Last Revised:	
Project Team	
Project Sponsor:	
Clinical Leadership:	
Day-to-Day Leadership:	
Technical Expertise:	
Institution Name: _____	
Project Name: _____	
Author: _____	
Co-Authors: _____	
The ACS Quality Framework Notetaking Tool	
When an idea for a QI initiative begins to develop, information needs to be captured, disseminated, and discussed to be considered for further definition, and eventual approval. This tool provides a mechanism to plan and organize initial project considerations and will help you stay organized, track your progress, make any necessary adjustments along the way, and will increase the likelihood of a successful initiative. Completing the worksheet will ensure you've got all the framework components and criteria for your project.	
Component #1: Problem Detailing	
Criteria	Definition
1.1 Local Issue	Describe how the issue was discovered at your institution. Include: a. The timeframe in which the issue was discovered b. The data sources that informed the identification of the issue c. Define a problem statement that presents a clinical reason to pursue the project. The problem statement should address: a. Who does the problem affect or impact? b. When was the problem found (or did it begin)? c. Where is the problem happening? d. How often is the problem happening? e. What is happening that shouldn't be, or what didn't happen (that should have)?
1.2 Problem Statement	

ACS Quality Improvement Course: The Basics

5 Min Print Share Bookmark

The **ACS Quality Improvement Course: The Basics** is designed to ensure the surgical workforce and other quality improvement staff are well-educated on the basic principles of surgical quality and safety.



course includes six modules:

- Introduction to Quality Improvement:** Quality improvement concepts and the rationale for investing in quality
- The Quality Improvement Process:** How quality improvement happens and how to begin a quality improvement project
- Data Measurement and Analysis:** How data is used throughout a quality improvement project and some of the fundamental tools that can help to display and analyze data
- Change Management:** How change happens and the factors that affect the change process, and how implementation science can be used throughout a quality improvement project
- Patient Safety:** The role of culture in maintaining and improving patient safety, the characteristics of high-reliability organizations, and how to evaluate and improve your institution's safety culture
- Leadership and Teamwork for QI:** What defines effective leadership and teamwork and how to develop and evaluate teamwork and leadership skills.

2025 CLP Outstanding Performance Award Winners



Umur Atabek, MD, FACS
Cooper University Health Care
Camden, NJ



Jessica Cohan, MD, MAS, FASCRS, FACS
University of Utah and Huntsman Cancer Institute
Salt Lake City, UT



Irina Bernescu, MD
Ascension Saint Agnes Hospital Cancer Institute
Baltimore, MD



Andrew Fintel, DO
Blue Ridge Cancer Care/LewisGale Medical Center
Salem, VA

2025 CLP Outstanding Performance Award Winners



Christine A. Garcia, MPH, MD
Weill Cornell Medicine/New York Presbyterian
New York, NY



Paul Gordon, MD, FACS
Advocate Christ Medical Center
Oak Lawn, IL



Ihor Pidhorecky, MD, FACS
HCA Florida Westside Hospital
Plantation, FL

2025 CLP Outstanding Performance Award Winners



Elizabeth Rinehart, MD
Waterbury Hospital
Waterbury, CT



Taylor Turner, MD
St. Luke's Cancer Institute
Boise, ID



Anthony Scholer, MD, FACS
Jersey Shore University Medical Center
Neptune, NJ

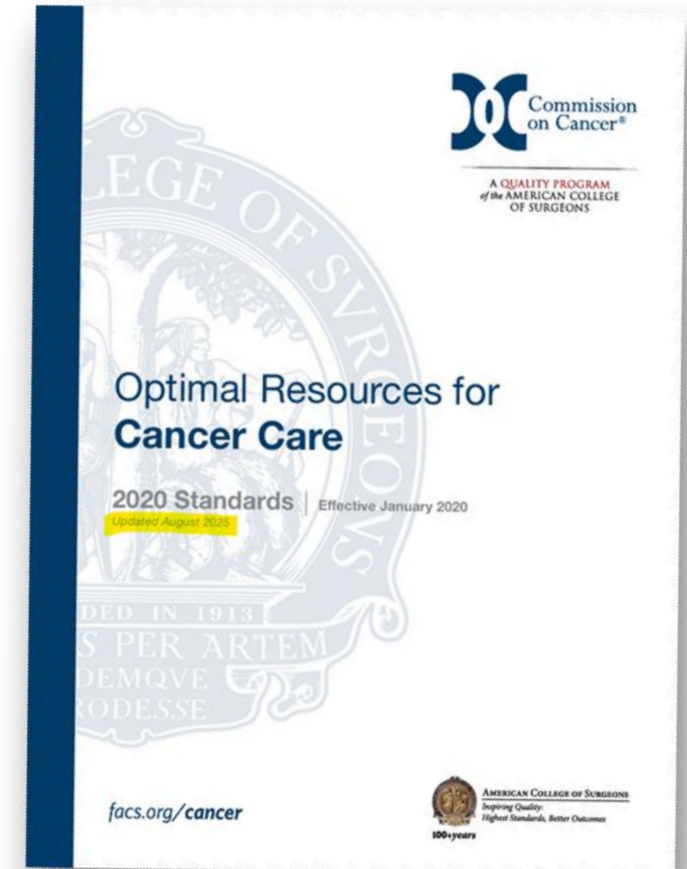
CoC Standards Update for CLPs

September 10, 2025

Aaron Bleznak, MD, MBA, FACS, FSSO
Chair, CoC Accreditation Committee

Standards Updates

- Restore focus on **continuous improvement**
- React to accredited programs' performance & **feedback**
- Accommodate **IT challenges** and variability
- Prepare for changes in the **healthcare milieu**



Required 7.1 Measures for Review in 2025

- **C12RLN:** For patients undergoing a colon resection for colon cancer, at least 12 regional lymph nodes are removed and pathologically examined at time of resection.
 - **95% benchmark**
- **ACT:** For patients under the age of 80 with surgically-managed pathologic stage III colon cancer (N>0), adjuvant chemotherapy is initiated within 4 months (120 days) of diagnosis, or recommended.
 - **90% benchmark**
- **LCT:** For patients with surgically managed NSCLC, pathologically staged T2 and >4cm, or T≥3, or N>0, systemic therapy (chemotherapy, immunotherapy or targeted therapy) was initiated within the 4 months prior to surgery or after surgery, or was recommended.
 - **70% benchmark**
- **BCSdx:** For patients with AJCC Clinical Stage I-III breast cancer, the first therapeutic surgery in a non-neoadjuvant setting is performed within and including 60 days of diagnosis.
 - **70% benchmark**

Standard 7.1: Quality Measures

Actual Performance \geq EPR



Actual Performance $<$ EPR
but 95% CI \geq EPR






Actual Performance $<$ EPR
95% CI $<$ EPR



Quality Measures			
Primary Site	Measure	Measure Description	Label
Breast	BCSdx	For patients with AJCC Clinical Stage I-III breast cancer, the first therapeutic surgery in a non-neoadjuvant setting is performed within and including 60 days of diagnosis	PR/EPR 95% CI Benchmark
Colon	ACT	For patients under the age of 80 with surgically-managed pathologic stage III colon cancer (N>0), adjuvant chemotherapy is initiated within 4 months (120 days) of diagnosis, or recommended	PR/EPR 95% CI Benchmark
	C12RLN	For patients undergoing a colon resection for colon cancer, at least 12 regional lymph nodes are removed and pathologically examined at time of resection	PR/EPR 95% CI Benchmark
Lung	LCT	For patients with surgically managed NSCLC, pathologically staged T2 and >4cm, or T>=3, or N>0, systemic therapy (chemotherapy, immunotherapy or targeted therapy) was initiated within the 3 months prior to surgery or after surgery, or was ...	PR/EPR 95% CI Benchmark

- EPRs was announced July 19, 2025
- Q3 2025: RCRS updated to show **performance vs. EPR** for these four measures only

2025 NCDB Data Reporting Summary

Standard	Data Allowed	Frequency	Reporter	Focus of Report	
 2.2	1. NCDB Benchmark 2. CQIP 3. Survival Reports	Twice Yearly	CLP	Areas of Concern	
 6.4	RCRS Quality Measures Comparisons	Twice Yearly	Anyone (CLP optimal)	Areas of Concern	
 7.1	Selected Quality Measures (4)	≥ Twice Yearly	Anyone (CLP optimal)	Selected Quality Metrics	

When is this change happening?

2026 Program Activity: Programs must complete audits and, if applicable, action plans for Standard 5.3-5.6

2026 Site Visits: Current Site Reviewer Audit Process will apply

- 2026 completes three years of Standard 5.3-5.6 being assessed by the Site Reviewer and allows all programs to benefit from this process

Requirements during 2026

- Programs must perform an audit of 30 cases (or all applicable cases) of eligible cases. For each case, the audit must include:
 - All **required elements** are present in the operative report in **synoptic format**
 - **Responses** to the required elements are appropriate
 - All elements of the audit are **recorded in the CoC audit template**
- Audit results must be reported and discussed with the cancer committee each year AND documented in the minutes

Example of CoC Audit Template

Audit templates provided that facilitate consistent application across cancer programs

Standard 5.3: Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy													
Reminders													
Standard applies to all nodal staging operations performed with curative intent for patients with breast cancers of epithelial origin. If the case does not meet these parameters, select another case.													
Synoptic elements/responses must be in the operative report of record, not the brief operative note.													
Cases must meet both technical and documentation requirements to be compliant.													
See "Instructions for Use" tab for additional information.													
Case Information			Required Elements								Compliance Summary		
	Case identifier (NO PHI)	Surgeon	Was the operation performed with curative intent?	Are all required elements and responses present and in synoptic format?	Tracer(s) used to identify sentinel nodes in the upfront surgery (non-neoadjuvant) setting	Tracer(s) used to identify sentinel nodes in the neoadjuvant setting	Were all nodes (colored or noncolored) present at the end of a dye-filled lymphatic channel removed?	Were all significantly radioactive nodes removed?	Were all palpably suspicious nodes removed?	Were biopsy-proven positive nodes marked with clips prior to chemotherapy identified and removed?	Overall compliant or non-compliant	If non-compliant, select whether the noncompliance was technical, documentation, or both?	If non-compliant, include any applicable comments
Column-specific instructions			If "no," the case is N/A and another must be selected for review	If "no," the case is non-compliant (documentation failure)	Non-compliant if: - "Other" is selected but no explanation is included. - N/A is selected for both column F and G. - Tracers are listed for both column F and G.	Non-compliant if: - "Other" is selected but no explanation is included. - N/A is selected for both column F and G. - Tracers are listed for both column F and G.							
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													

Requirements during 2026

- If the audit demonstrates that all requirements are met in 80% or more cases, no further action is needed
- If audit demonstrates less than 80% compliance, then a **meaningful action plan** must be developed
 - Requires a second audit within 6 months to determine impact of intervention
 - Consecutive action plans without new/additional action will result in deficiency



Benefits of this Transition

- Encourage **more focus** on the SURGERY and less on documentation
 - Current process may not recognize improvements over the accreditation cycle
- Streamlined site visit process
 - List generation and case selection is **burdensome process**
- More **timely resolution** to identified issues

Site Visits Starting in 2027

- Standard will be rated on the audit performed by the cancer program and any applicable action plans.
 - Site Reviewer will review the required audit templates and the minutes in which the audits were reported and documented
 - Site Reviewer will review the action plan(s) if any were required
- During the visit, the Site Reviewer will select two cases for each standard from those reviewed during the program's own audit.
 - Purpose is to assure that required elements are all present
 - Review will be for education purposes only; no impact on compliance rating.

Do You Wanna Be a Hero?

- Reporting Timelines
- New S5.9: Smoking Cessation
- Updated S4.2: Oncology Nursing Credentials
- S9.1: Clinical Research Accrual alternative compliance pathway
- S4.8: Survivorship Programs

Clarification on Reporting Timelines

Standards Requiring Annual Review

Work to obtain compliance in one Commission on Cancer (CoC) standard may not replace, duplicate, or augment the work required to obtain compliance with another standard. The exceptions to this rule are Standard 6.4: Rapid Cancer Reporting System: Data Submission and Standard 7.3: Quality Improvement Initiative.

The following standards must be reported at the first quarter meeting of the following year. The report must include a full calendar year of reporting data. For example, reports on 2025 activity must include data from all of 2025 and be reported at a meeting in the first quarter of 2026. Reports provided to the cancer committee with a partial calendar year of reporting data must also be included in the final report given at the first quarter meeting of the following year. The reports must be documented in the cancer committee meeting minutes and include all elements.

- Standard 2.5: Multidisciplinary Cancer Case Conference
- Standard 4.4: Genetic Counseling and Risk Assessment
- Standard 4.5: Palliative Care Services
- Standard 4.8: Survivorship Program
- Standard 5.2: Psychosocial Distress Screening
- Standard 9.1: Clinical Research Accrual

The following standards require an annual evaluation, but do not necessarily require data review. These standards may be presented and discussed with the cancer committee at any time during the calendar year under evaluation or at a meeting during the first quarter of the following year.

- Standard 4.2: Oncology Nursing Credentials
- Standard 4.6: Rehabilitative Care Services
- Standard 4.7: Oncology Nutrition Services
- Standard 8.1: Addressing Barriers to Care

The following standards require annual activities such as audits, projects, reports, or events. They must be conducted and presented to the cancer committee within the calendar year per the frequency required in the standard. The presentation to the cancer committee may be provided at any time during the calendar year after the activity has been completed. These standards cannot be presented in the first quarter of the following calendar year.**

- Standard 2.2: Cancer Liaison Physician*
- Standard 5.1: College of American Pathologists Synoptic Reporting
- Standard 5.9: Smoking Cessation for Patients with Cancer
- Standard 6.1: Cancer Registry Quality Control
- Standard 6.4: Rapid Cancer Reporting System: Data Submission*
- Standard 7.1: Quality Measures
- Standard 7.2: Monitoring Concordance with Evidence-Based Guidelines
- Standard 7.3: Quality Improvement Initiative*
- Standard 7.4: Cancer Program Goal*
- Standard 8.2: Cancer Prevention Event
- Standard 8.3: Cancer Screening Event

*Standard requires multiple status updates per calendar year. Both updates must be provided within the calendar year or per standard requirements.

**Standards 7.3 and 7.4 activities can be extended into a second year. To be compliant, the intent to do so must be stated during the calendar year the quality improvement or goal was initiated and a final report must be given in the subsequent year after the QI or goal is completed.

Standard	Data Required	Reporting Timeframe
Standard 2.2: Cancer Liaison Physician*	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 2.5: Multidisciplinary Cancer Conference	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year
Standard 4.4: Genetic Counseling	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year
Standard 4.5: Palliative Care Services	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year
Standard 4.6: Rehabilitative Care Services	12 months of Observations	During the year of activity or Q1 following year
Standard 4.7: Oncology Nutrition Services	12 months of Observations	During the year of activity or Q1 following year
Standard 4.8: Survivorship Program	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year
Standard 5.1: CAP Synoptic Reporting	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 5.2: Psychosocial Distress Screening	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year
Standard 6.1: Cancer Registry Quality Control	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 6.4: RCRS: Data Submission*	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 7.1: Quality Measures	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 7.2: Monitoring Concordance with Evidence-Based Guidelines	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 7.3: Quality Improvement Initiative*	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 7.4: Cancer Program Goal*	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 8.2: Cancer Prevention Event	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 8.3: Cancer Screening Event	Activity Completed	During the year of activity
Standard 8.1: Addressing Barriers to Care	12 months of Observations	During the reporting year or Q1 following year
Standard 9.1: Clinical Research Accrual	Full Calendar Year of data	Q1 of the following year

Clarification on Reporting Timelines

Standards that must be reported at the **First Quarter Meeting of the Following Year**

Must include a **full calendar year's** worth of data

- **Standard 2.5:** Multidisciplinary Cancer Case Conference
- **Standard 4.4:** Genetic Counseling
- **Standard 4.5:** Palliative Care Services
- **Standard 4.8:** Survivorship Program
- **Standard 5.2:** Psychosocial Distress Screening
- **Standard 9.1:** Clinical Research Accrual

Clarification on Reporting Timelines

Standards that can be **reported at any time during the year of activity**

Data review not required

- **Standard 4.6:** Rehabilitative Care Services
- **Standard 4.7:** Oncology Nutrition Services
- **Standard 8.1:** Addressing Barriers to Care

Clarification on Reporting Timelines

Standards that require **audits/projects/reports/events**

Report to cancer committee **within year of activity**

- **Standard 2.2:** CLP (2x/year)
- **Standard 5.1:** CAP Reporting
- **Standard 6.1:** Cancer Registry Quality Control
- **Standard 6.4:** RCRS: Data Submission
- **Standard 7.1:** Quality Measures
- **Standard 7.2:** Monitoring Concordance w/ Evidence-Based Guidelines
- **Standard 7.3:** QI Initiative (2x/year)
- **Standard 7.4:** Cancer Program Goal (2x/year)
- **Standard 8.2 & 8.3:** Cancer Prevention & Screening Event

Standard 5.9: Smoking Cessation for Patients with Cancer

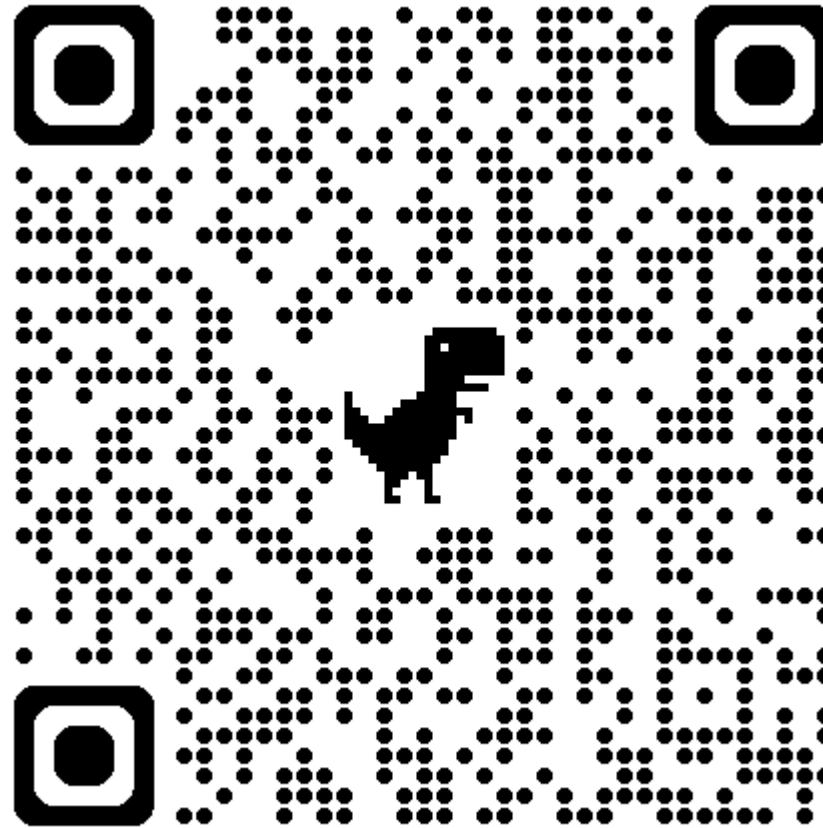
Process Requirements

- Must implement process to screen for smoking status in patients with newly diagnosed cancer at initial consultation at accredited program for cancer treatment
- Referrals must receive or be referred for smoking cessation treatment consistent with evidence-based guidelines.
- Services must be available on-site or by referral

Audit Requirements

- Each year, cancer committee must conduct an internal audit of a **minimum of 20 patients** with newly diagnosed cancer to determine:
 - # screened
 - # who reported current smoking
 - # who reported smoking and received/were referred for smoking cessation treatment
- Action plan required if audit shows:
 - Less than 90% of patients were screened for smoking status
 - Less than 80% of current smokers were referred for treatment

Link to full Standard 5.9 Text



S4.2: Oncology Nursing Credentials

Standard 4 | Personnel and Services Resources

4.2 Oncology Nursing Credentials

Definition and Requirements

Oncology nursing care is delivered by nurses with specialized knowledge and skills in providing care for patients with cancer.

The cancer program must demonstrate compliance with this standard by assessing oncology nursing continuing education and oncology nursing competency for all nurses providing direct oncology care:

- Confirmation of current cancer-specific certification in the nurse's specialty through an accredited certification program

OR

- Completion of 18 Nursing Continuing Professional Development (NCPD) contact hours each accreditation cycle
 - The required NCPD contact hours must be relevant to oncology nursing care

AND

- Completion of oncology nursing competency assessment in the nurse's specialty, administered by the CoC-accredited facility each calendar year

Oncology Nursing Protocol

The cancer program must develop and implement a protocol addressing the following requirements to review and assess oncology nursing continuing education and oncology nursing competency:

- A process for identifying oncology nurses required to hold cancer-specific certification or complete cancer-specific continuing education
 - All oncology nurses must also complete assessment of oncology nursing competency
- A process for confirming nursing compliance with the protocol
- The methods of assessment for oncology nursing competency and practice skills
 - For example: testing, return demonstration, and/or simulation
- Competency assessment(s) relevant to oncology nursing specialties and areas of practice
- Time intervals for competency assessment
 - For example: At initial hire, at the time of transfer to an oncology nursing unit, and/or required annual assessment
- An action plan for nurses who do not satisfactorily hold certification or complete continuing education
- An action plan for nurses who do not satisfactorily complete oncology nursing competency assessment

- A timeline for newly hired or newly onboarded oncology nurses to meet compliance with this protocol, which is no later than one calendar year from the nurse's onboarding to an oncology care position
- Review of the facility's oncology nursing protocol and competency assessment program once each accreditation cycle

Oncology Nursing Certifications

Oncology nursing certifications that qualify for this standard include, but are not limited to:

- Advanced Oncology Certified Nurse Practitioner (AOCNP®)
- Advanced Oncology Certified Clinical Nurse Specialist (AOCNS®)
- Advanced Oncology Certified Nurse (AOCN®)
- Blood & Marrow Transplant Certified Nurse (BMTCN®)
- Certified Pediatric Hematology Oncology Nurse (CPHON®)
- Certified Pediatric Oncology Nurse (CPON®)
- Certified Breast Care Nurse (CBCN®)
- Certified Registered Nurse Infusion (CRNI®)
- Oncology Certified Nurse (OCN®)
- Breast Health Clinical Navigator (BHCN™)

A certification qualifies under this standard as long as it is accredited for nursing education and includes cancer-specific criteria. For example, a palliative care certification meets the certification expectations under this standard as long as it contains cancer-specific criteria.

Reviewing Oncology Nursing Protocol and Competency Assessment

Each calendar year, the cancer committee must evaluate the facility's current compliance with assessing oncology nursing continuing education and oncology nursing competency. The annual evaluation may be presented and discussed with the cancer committee at any time during the calendar year under evaluation or at a meeting during the first quarter of the following year. The annual evaluation is documented in the cancer committee meeting minutes.

This evaluation must include the following:

- The total number of oncology nurses required to hold cancer-specific certification or complete cancer-specific continuing education
- The number of oncology nurses who hold cancer-specific certification
- The number of oncology nurses who are not in compliance with the oncology nursing protocol

- **Education:**
 - Oncology nursing certification or
 - Completion of 18 oncology nursing education credits
 - Internally tracked vs. external review
- **Annual Competency:**
 - Increased specifics outlined for annual oncology competency assessments
 - ROBUST
- **Action plan for compliance if not meeting requirements**

S9.1: Clinical Research Accrual

- More specifics provided on the annual report requirements and time frame.
- The clinical research activity annual report must contain the following elements:
 - The specific clinical research studies where subjects were accrued, including the trial/study name and, when applicable, the clinicaltrials.gov trial number
 - Number of subjects accrued to each individual clinical research study
 - Open clinical research studies with identification of those with a nearing end date
 - New trials that will be added

Alternative Pathway Is Available for Standard 9.1 Compliance

- Develop and report on a meaningful action plan to achieve the required level of accrual. At a minimum, this plan must include:
 - Open clinical research studies with identification of those with a nearing end/closing date
 - Discussion of potential future clinical trial availability, if needed, required to achieve expected accrual percentages
 - Review of current resources used for clinical trial accrual and assessment of any additional resources required to achieve expected accrual percentages
 - Discussion of strategies to increase clinical trial accrual to expected accrual percentages

The report and action plan must be provided at a cancer committee/BPLC meeting held in the first quarter of the subsequent year and must include the full calendar year's worth of data. For example, the report on 2025 accruals must be given at a meeting during the first quarter of 2026.

If accrual percentages are not met for multiple years within the accreditation cycle, a report and action plans must be developed each year that the accrual percentage is not met.

Standard 4.8 Survivorship Program

CHANGE YOUR PERSPECTIVE

- NOT about your survivorship services
- NOT about how you define survivorship
- This standard is about EVALUATING the survivorship services you offer to patients who have completed first course of treatment



Thanks for everything you do!





ACS ACTS™

Access to Clinical Trials & Support





Vision: End cancer as we know it, for everyone.

Mission: Improve the lives of people with cancer and their families through advocacy, research, and patient support, to ensure everyone has an opportunity to prevent, detect, treat, and survive cancer.

The Problem: Barriers to Clinical Trials

- Only 7% of cancer patients participate in clinical trials, with participation from historically underrepresented communities at just 4%
- 20% of cancer trials fail due to insufficient enrollment

Administrative Burden

- Medical Records
- Travel

Trial Match Challenges

- Lack of onsite trials
- Complex eligibility criteria

Limited Awareness

- Provider lacks time to discuss/research trials
- Unconscious biases



Financial Burden

- Transportation & lodging
- Lost wages

Health-Related Social Needs

- Food insecurity
- Affordable housing & transportation

The Solution: ACS ACTS

Strategic Goal:

Improve equitable access to cancer clinical trials by reducing the barriers to enrollment and participation

Key Constituents:

Patients, healthcare providers, and caregivers

Program Offerings:



End-to-End Support for Advancing Health Equity in Clinical Trials

Program Eligibility

Age

All ages

Cancer Types

All cancer types

Location

- Feb 2025: Regional launch¹ for patients living in or willing to travel to Northeast US²
- Oct 2025: National launch expected; no location restriction

Interest

- Interested in exploring eligible clinical trials:
- All interventional cancer clinical trials listed on clinicaltrials.gov
 - Agnostic to sponsor

¹ The Northeast region contains the largest concentration of clinical trial sites in the US and includes regions where ACS can more easily provide transportation and lodging for clinical trial participation.

² Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Virginia, Vermont, West Virginia, or Washington, D.C.

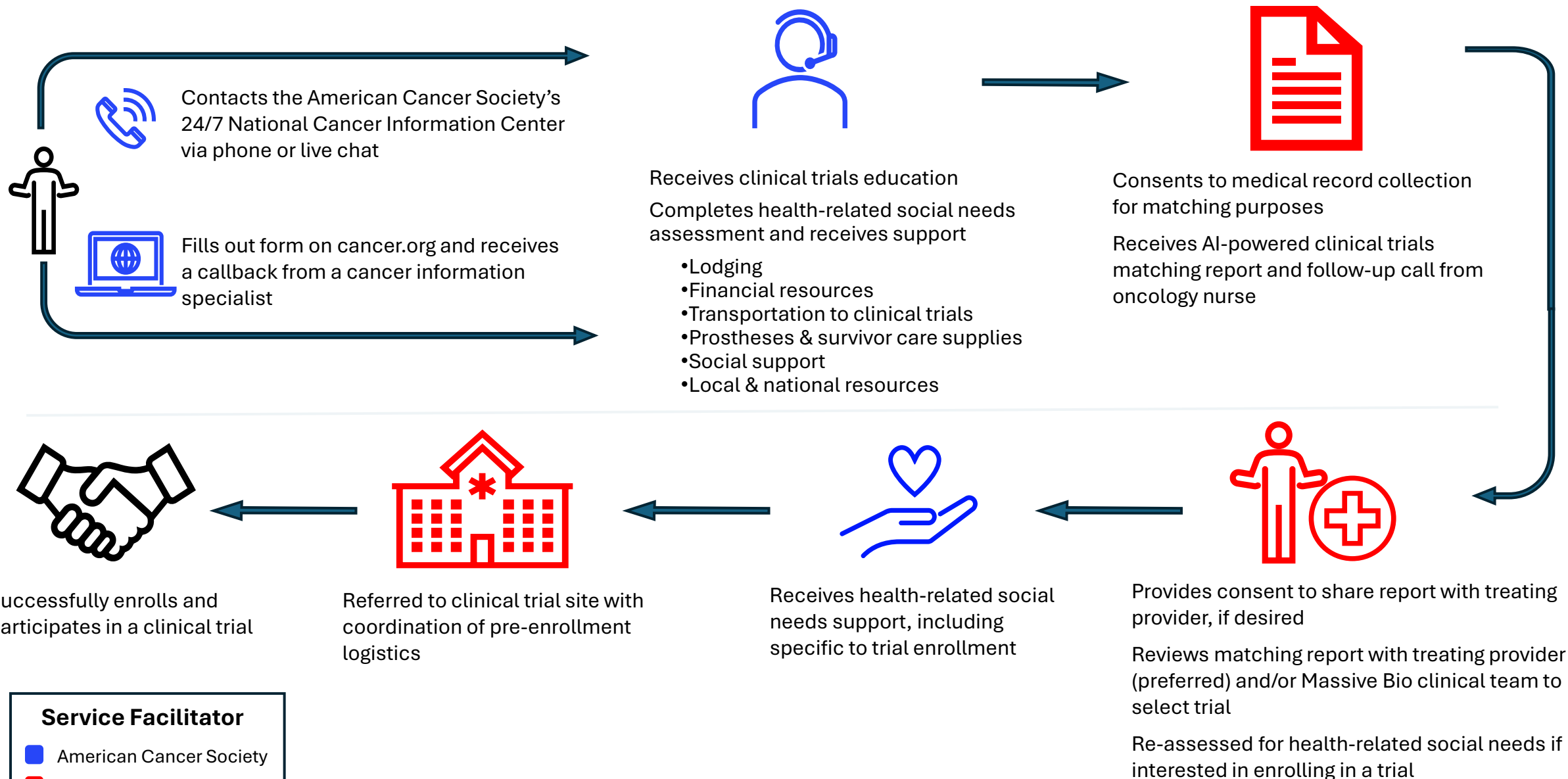
Program Costs

ACS ACTS is
FREE!

ACS is a non-profit,
with programming
supported by
donations and
sponsorships

Some ACS programs
for health-related
social needs involve a
small cost, which the
patient is informed of
(e.g., prosthetics)

The Patient Journey



CoC Accreditation: Standard 9.1



Accredited cancer programs are required to enroll a specified percentage of eligible patients into cancer-related clinical trials.

ACS ACTS can help fulfill compliance with CoC Standard 9.1 by increasing enrollment rates

- 1) If a patient or caregiver initiates contact with ACS ACTS, how is the provider informed?
 - Patient will be asked to consent to send the trial matching report to the provider.
 - Patient is encouraged to discuss trial matches with their provider so the provider can make and document the referral to a qualifying trial prior to enrollment.
- 2) If a provider initiates contact with ACS ACTS, how is this process different?
 - Providers may designate themselves or the patient as the point of contact.
 - If the provider is the contact, the dedicated provider team delivers matches directly to the provider.
- 3) Does documentation for CoC Standard 9.1 differ if the ACS ACTS service was utilized?
 - No, the organization's internal procedures for compliance with this Standard should be followed.
 - The clinical trials matching report can be used as part of the required documentation.
- 4) Can ACS track my organization's referrals to the program or trial enrollments of our patients?
 - ACS is not a clinical entity and does not maintain patient-specific information. Tracking is the responsibility of the organization.



ACS ACTS | Successes

ACTS allows trials to be more accessible and equitable.

**Program
Participants**

736

**Patients Receiving
Match Report**

162

**Trial Matches
Offered**

752

**Health-Related Social
Needs Identified**

1,307

What's Next?

This fall, the ACS ACTS program is launching nationwide, unlocking new opportunities to expand access to clinical trials and support services -- and moving us closer to a truly equitable cancer care system for all.

Data from 2/24/25 - 9/1/25

A portrait of Dr. Pia Banerjee, a woman with a shaved head, smiling, wearing a yellow sweater and small hoop earrings. The background is a solid light blue.

Because
new treatment
options are
within reach.

Sign up for ACS ACTS today!

- Scan the QR code to go to **cancer.org/acts**
or
- Call our 24/7 National Cancer Information Center line at 1-800-227-2345



Questions? Contact Dr. Pia Banerjee at
pia.banerjee@cancer.org



**For more information on ACS ACTS,
go to cancer.org/acts or
reach out to Dr. Pia Banerjee:
pia.banerjee@cancer.org**

Assessing the Effectiveness and Significance of the Operative Standards Program (AESOP)

September 10, 2025

Nina Fleischer, MD, MBA

Alison Baskin, MD

Postdoctoral Research Fellows

General Surgery Residents

Lesly A. Dossett, MD, MPH

Daniel J. Boffa, MD, MBA

MPIs of AESOP Study (NCI R01 Grant)

High-quality surgery is a cornerstone of cancer care, yet variation in technical quality exists



AESOP Grant Aims



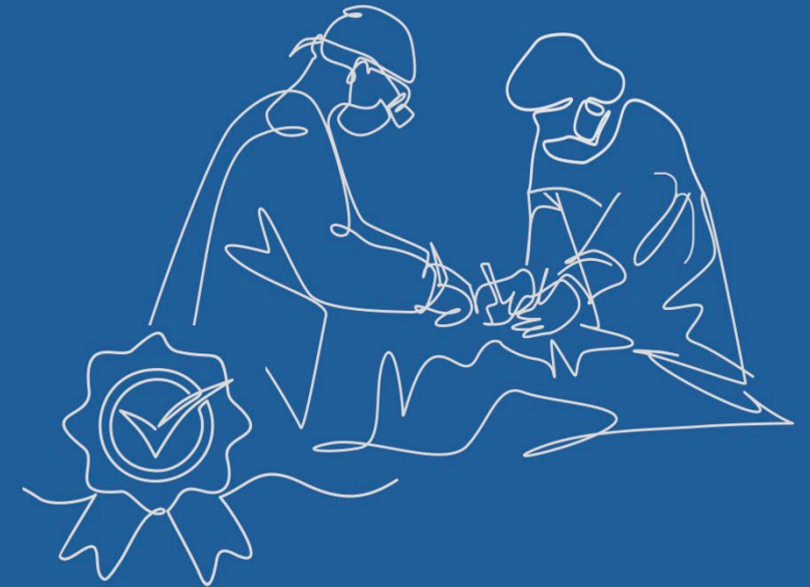
Evaluate the implementation of the CoC Operative Standards across cancer and hospital types



Evaluate the impact of the CoC Operative Standards on cancer outcomes through an NCDB Special Study



Assess barriers and facilitators of implementation with **Cancer Liaison Physicians**



AESOP

Assessing the Effectiveness and
Significance of the Operative
Standards Program

AESOP Study Team



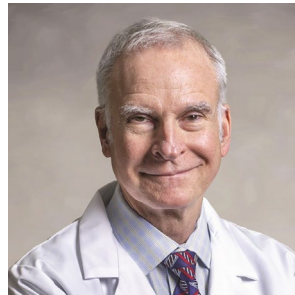
NATIONAL
CANCER
INSTITUTE

Study MPIs



Lesly Dossett

Cancer Programs Leadership



Statistical Expertise



Other Key AESOP Members



Dan Boffa



AESOP Study Timeline

Task	Year 1					Year 2	Year 3				Year 4				Year 5					
	1	2	3	4	1		2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4			
Review and update regulatory approvals	✖				✖															
Disseminate progress report & results to ACS				✖																
Aim 1 – Assessment of adherence to operative standards																				
Startup period	✖	✖																		
Data collection during planned CoC site visits			✖	✖	✖	✓														
Interim data analysis (to inform sampling for Aim 2)																				
Final data analysis																				
Manuscript submission & publication																				
Aim 2 – To assess organizational mediators and moderators to adherence																				
Select and recruit sites for study																				
Perform mixed methods data collection																				
Perform data analysis																				
Manuscript Submission & Publication																				
Aim 3 –Interrupted Time Series Analysis (NCDB Special Study)																				
NCDB DUA/IRB approval					✖															
Modify online data collection instrument					✓	✓														
Recruit facilities for pilot data collection						✓														
Train registrars for data collection at pilot sites																				
Conduct pilot data collection & analysis																				
Resolution of issues from pilot																				
Train remaining registrars																				
Special study data collection																				
Interrupted Time Series Analysis																				
Manuscript Submission & Publication																				

AESOP Grant Aims



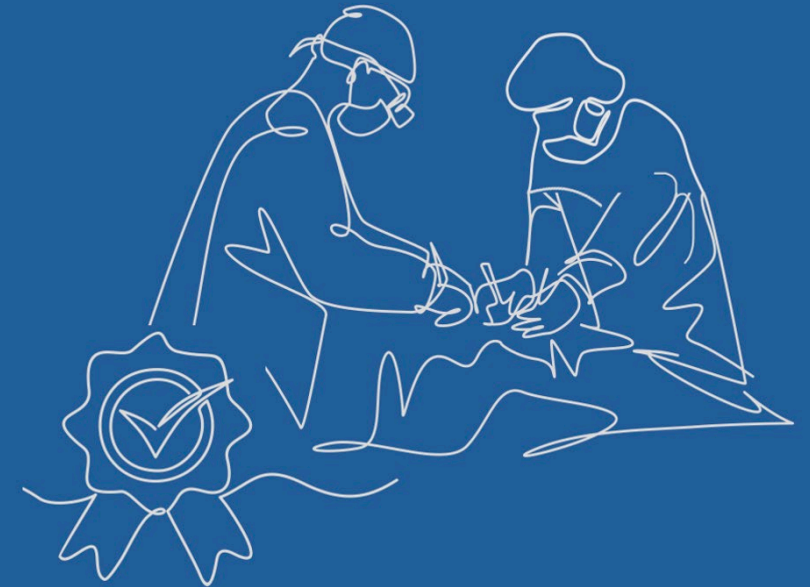
Evaluate the implementation of the CoC Operative Standards across cancer and hospital types



Evaluate the impact of the CoC Operative Standards on cancer outcomes through an NCDB Special Study



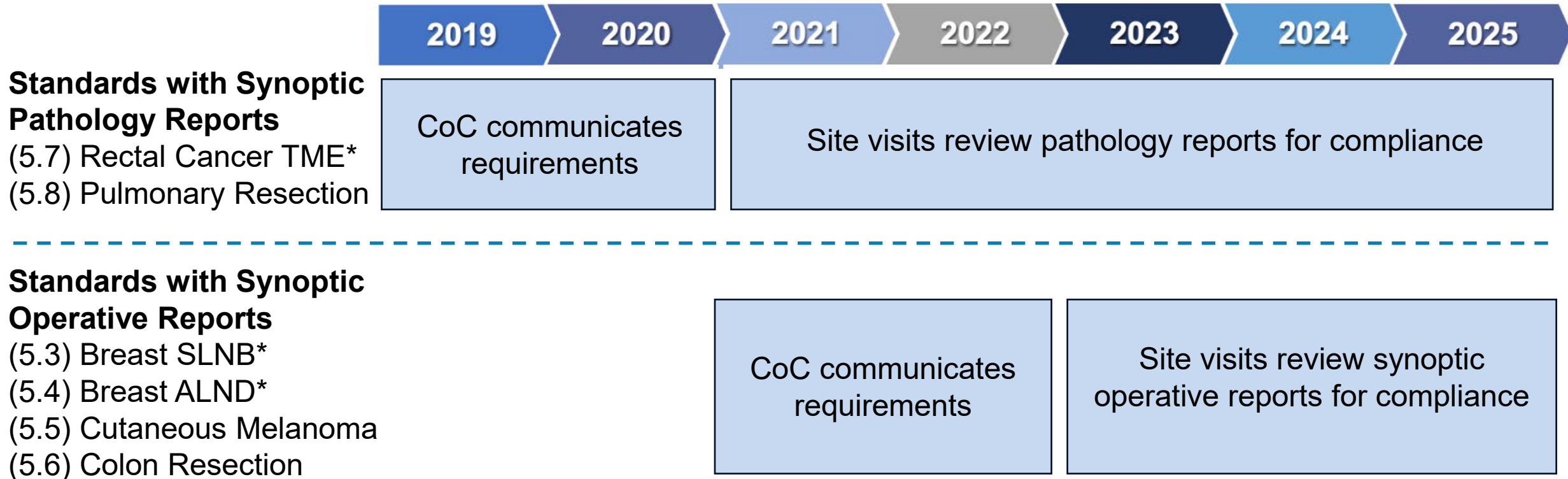
Assess barriers and facilitators of implementation with **Cancer Liaison Physicians**



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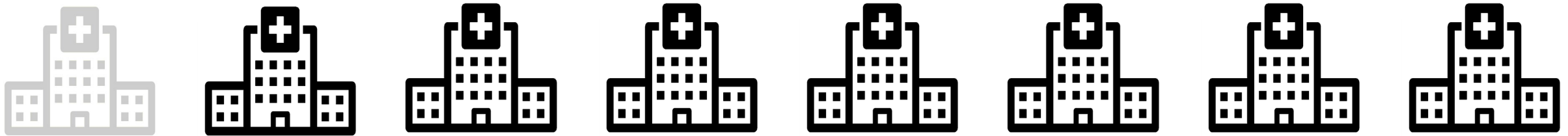
Assessing the Effectiveness and
Significance of the Operative
Standards Program

Evaluating Implementation of the CoC Operative Standards



*TME: Total Mesorectal Excision; SLNB: Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy; ALND: Axillary Lymph Node Dissection

Early Trends in Compliance with Standard 5.7 on Total Mesorectal Excision for Rectal Cancer



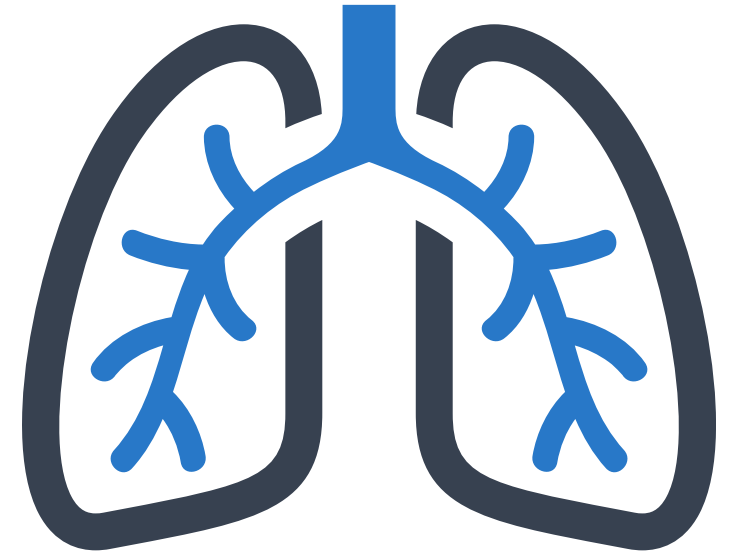
- **7 of 8** sites were compliant
- No change in compliance from 2022 to 2023
- No difference in compliance by CoC site type
- Most non-compliant hospitals were **close to achieving compliance** (often needing just 1-2 additional compliant cases)

Baskin et al., SSO Annual Meeting, March 2025

Katz MHG, et al. *Ann Surg.* 2025;282(3):371-381. 10.1097/SLA.0000000000006785

Early Trends in Compliance with Standard 5.8 on Lymph Node Sampling in Lung Cancer

- Most (77%) of CoC hospitals are performing curative-intent lung cancer surgery
- Only **about half** of sites were compliant
- No significant differences by site visit year (2002 vs 2023)
- NCI-designated centers and Academic programs had the highest compliance rates



Baskin AS, et al. *J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg.* 10.1016/j.jtcvs.2025.04.041

AESOP Grant Aims



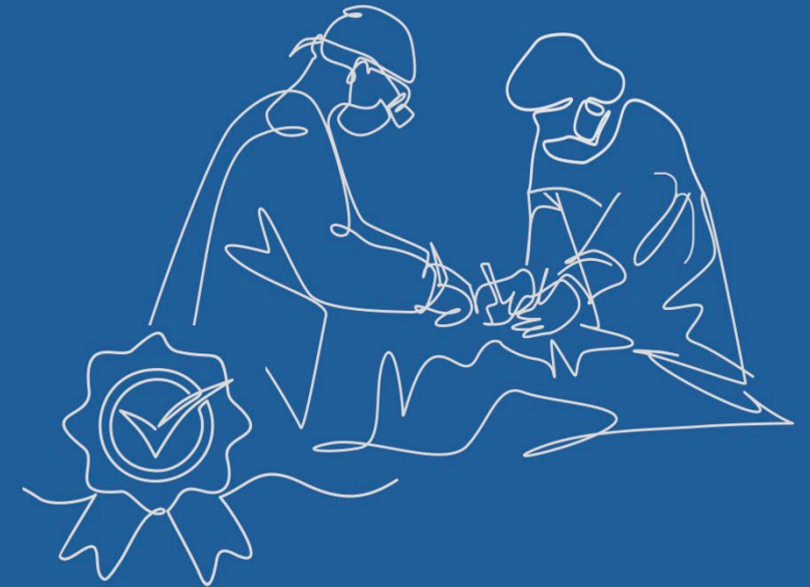
Evaluate the implementation of the CoC Operative Standards across cancer and hospital types



Evaluate the impact of the CoC Operative Standards on cancer outcomes through an NCDB Special Study



Assess barriers and facilitators of implementation with **Cancer Liaison Physicians**

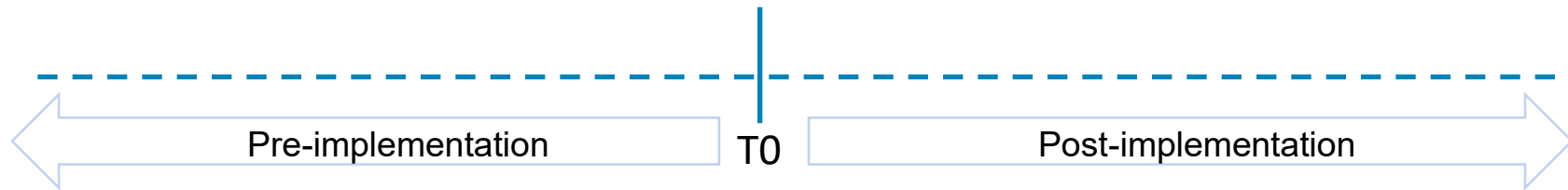


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Assessing the Effectiveness and
Significance of the Operative
Standards Program

Evaluate the impact of the CoC Operative Standards on short-term cancer outcomes

NCDB special study: data collection on 2-year oncologic outcomes



Registrars will be asked to abstract specific data elements not currently collected by NCDB to assess for key 2-year cancer outcomes (e.g., progression)

We will conduct an interrupted time-series analysis to evaluate the impact of implementing the CoC Operative Standards

Pilot study will begin April 2026 (25 volunteering facilities)

AESOP Grant Aims



Evaluate the implementation of the operative standards across cancer and hospital types



Evaluate the impact of the operative standards on cancer outcomes through an NCDB Special Study



Assess barriers and facilitators of implementation with **Cancer Liaison Physicians**



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Assessing the Effectiveness and
Significance of the Operative
Standards Program

Assess guideline and facility-level barriers and facilitators of implementation

Recognizing the Cancer Liaison Physicians (CLP) as key voices to convey unique institutional experience



Survey all CLPs at sites who undergo a site visit in 2026 (n~400)

Interview a select CLPs from high and low performing institutions to further understand experience (n=30)

Inform data analysis and future care practices

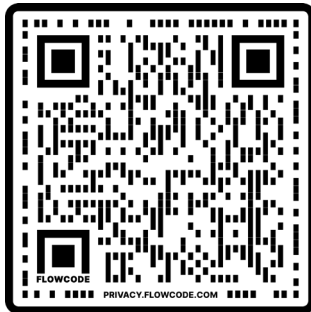
Look out for us in your inbox in 2026!

Thank you! Questions?

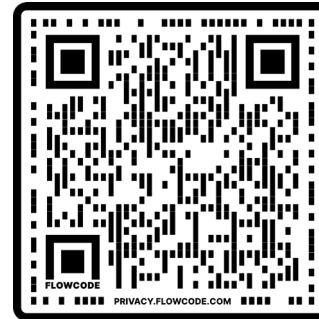
Further questions can be directed to AESOP@facs.org



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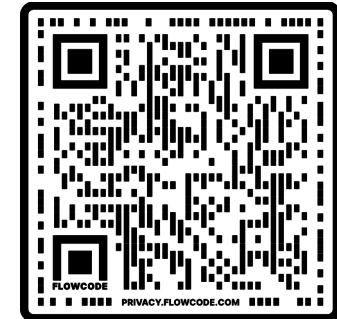
facs.org/quality-programs/cancer-programs/



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Questions?





Thank you!

Questions?

Melissa Leeb: mleeb@facs.org



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