

# Research Funding in Trauma

**Gregory J Jurkovich, MD FACS**

*Donant Professor of Trauma Medicine  
Vice-Chairman for Clinical Affairs and Quality  
UC Davis Health  
Sacramento, CA*

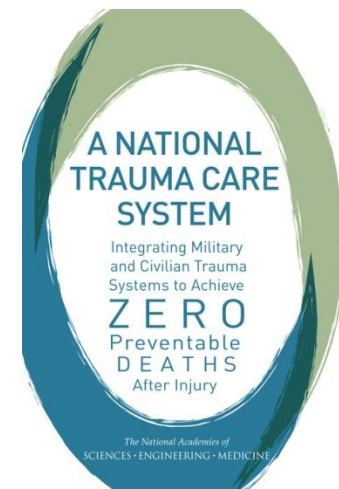


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# NASEM Recommendations

“ . . . Strengthen trauma research and ensure that the resources available for this research are commensurate with the importance of injury and the potential for improvement in patient outcomes . . . ”



# Injury -- The magnitude of the problem

Leading cause of death for people aged 1-44 years

5<sup>th</sup> Leading cause of death overall



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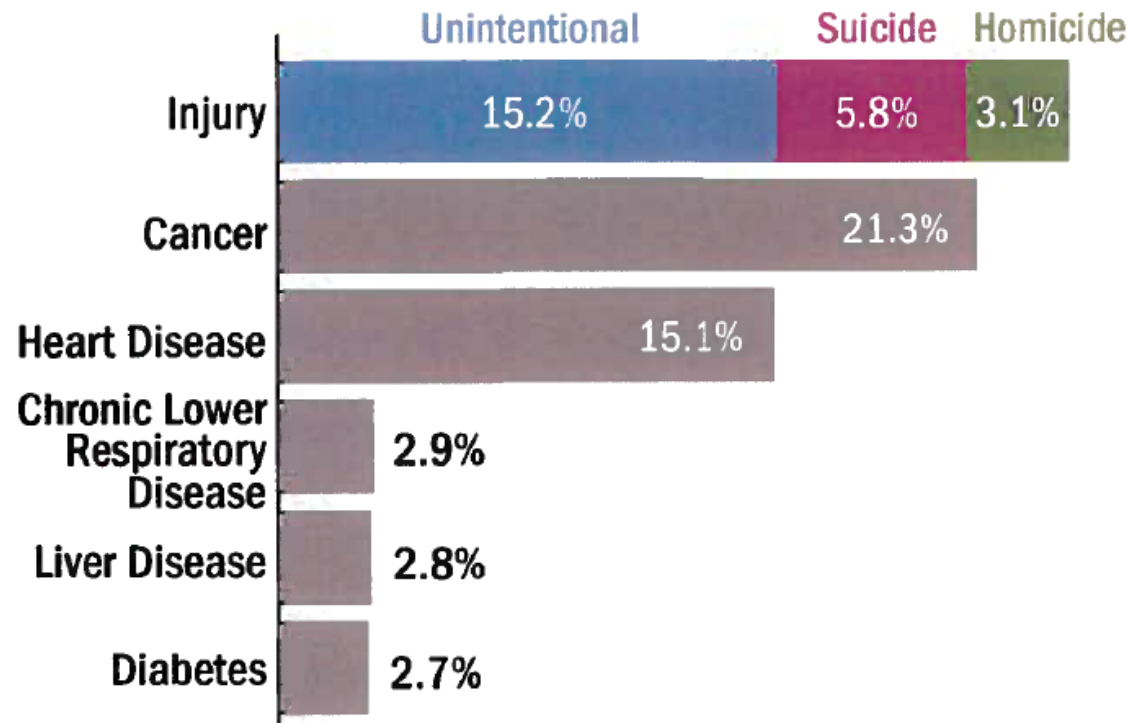
The **Committee**  
on **Trauma**



# Injury -- The magnitude of the problem

- Leading cause of death for people aged 1-44 years
- Fifth leading cause of death overall
- More deaths in children than all other causes combined
- More than 130,000 Americans die every year as a result of trauma
- 25% of all life-years lost = more than cancer + heart disease + HIV combined
- Most important problem for our children & our troops
- Health care costs + lost productivity = \$676 billion/year
- 41 million ER visits; 2 million hospital admissions.

# Injury: 25% of total life loss before age 75

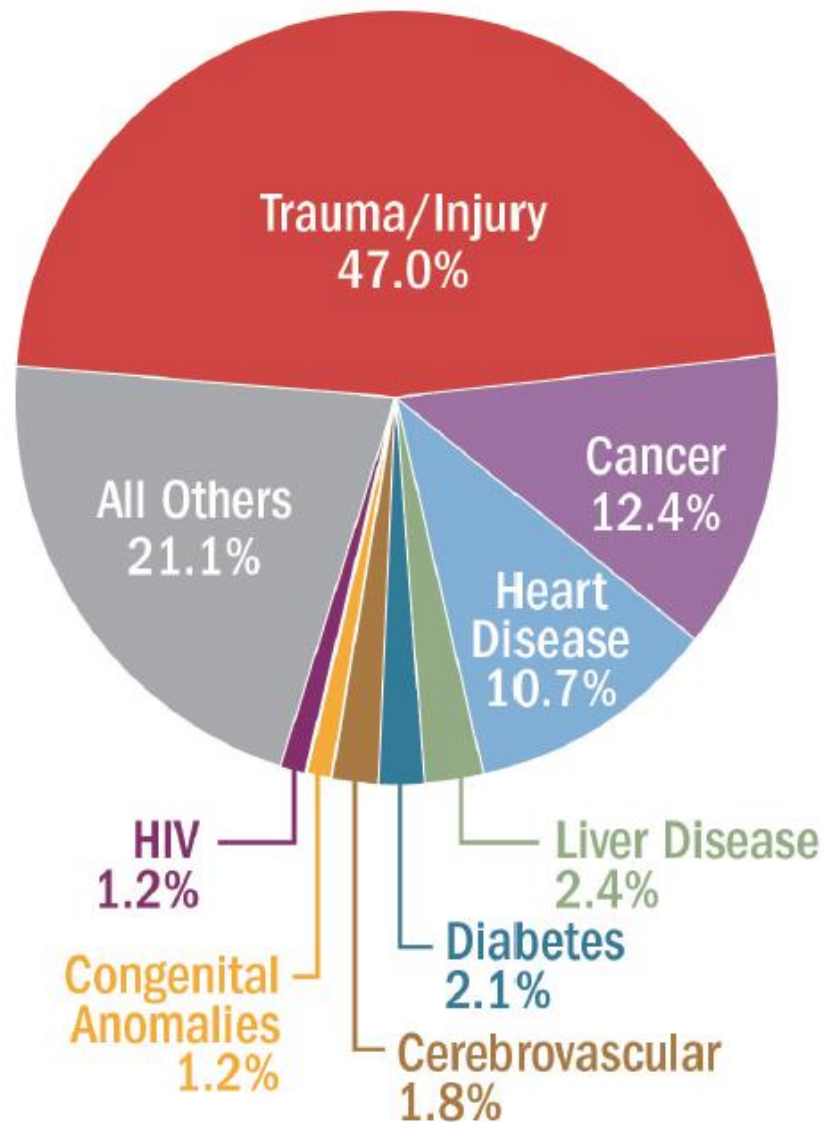
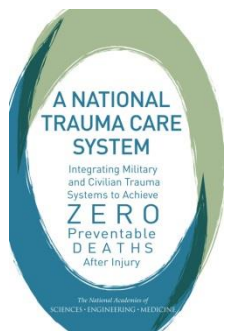


Percentage Contribution to Total Years of Potential Life Lost Before Age 75

FIGURE 1-2 Leading causes of years of potential life lost before age 75, United States, 2014.

SOURCE: Data retrieved from [NCIPC, 2015d](#).

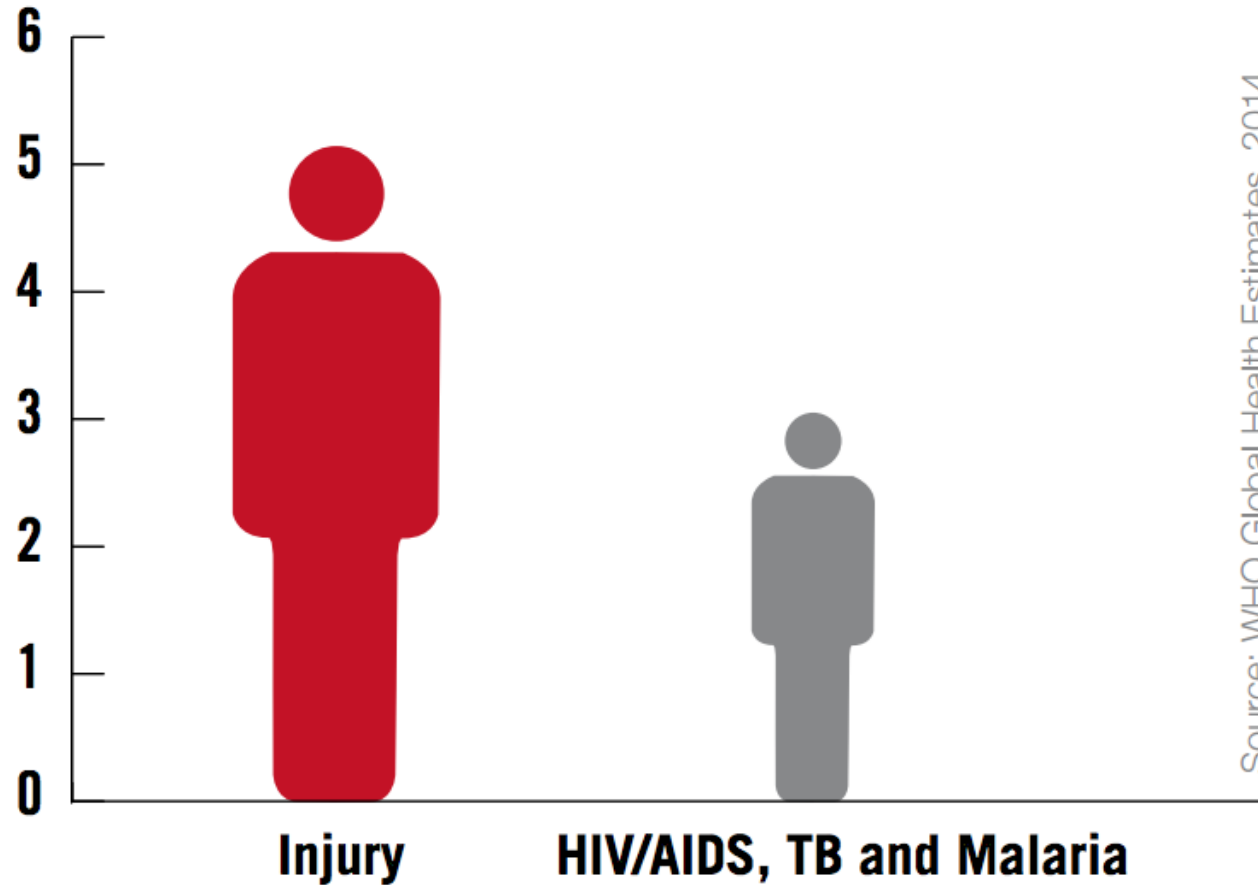
# Injury: Leading cause of death, USA, 2014; age 1-46



**FIGURE 1-1** Leading causes of death, United States: 2014, ages 1-46 years.  
SOURCE: Data retrieved from [NCIPC, 2015b](#).

# Injury: Global health problem as well

Deaths per year  
(millions)



Source: WHO Global Health Estimates, 2014


# Federal Research Funding

Agency	2016 funding level
NIH	32.0 Billion
NSF	7.46 Billion
DOE SC (Energy, science office)	5.35 Billion
VA	.63 Billion
AFRI (agriculture/food res. inst)	.35 Billion
ARS (agriculture res. service)	1.14 Billion
<b>Cost of Injury</b>	<b>676 Billion / year</b>

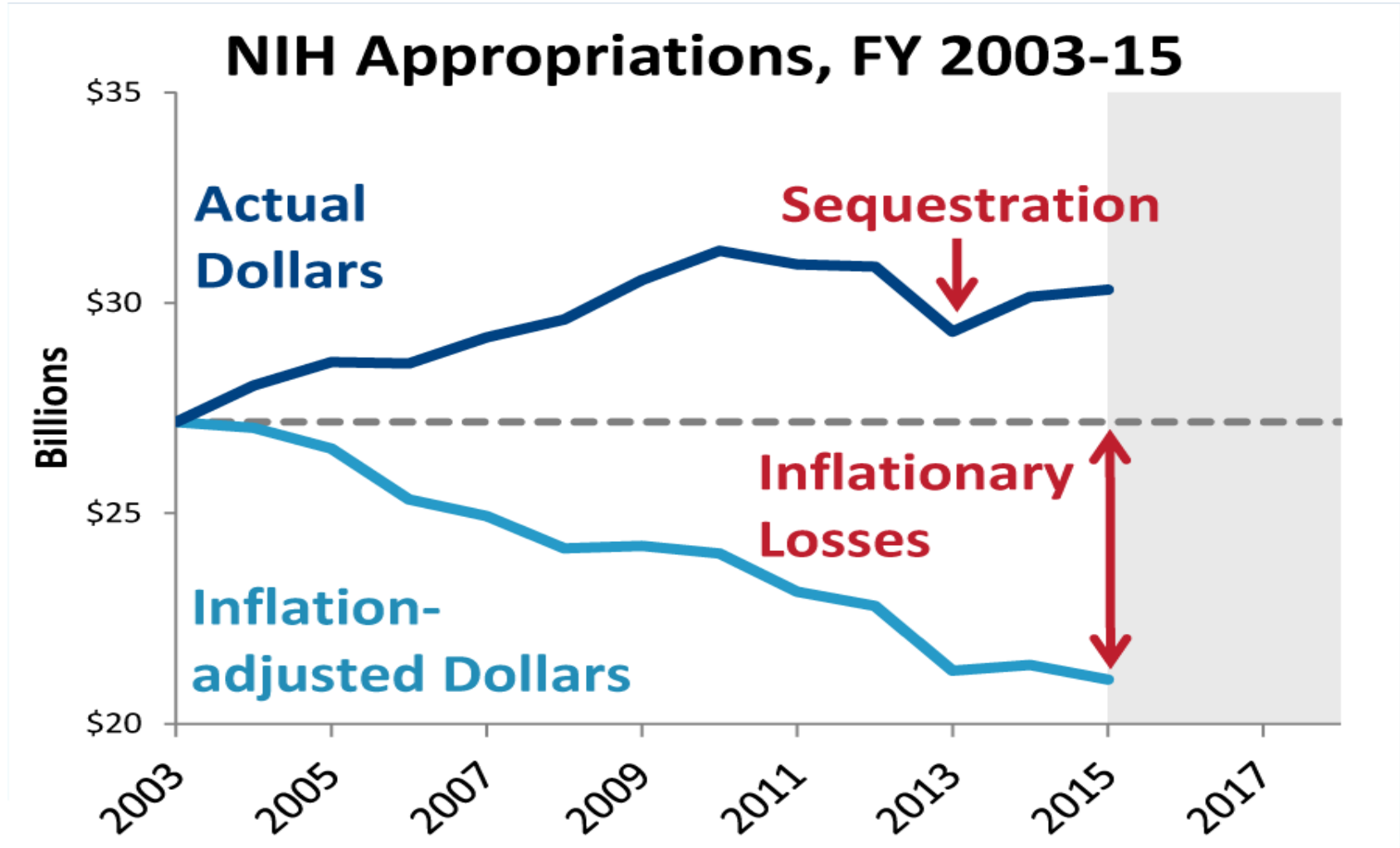


# Federal Research Funding

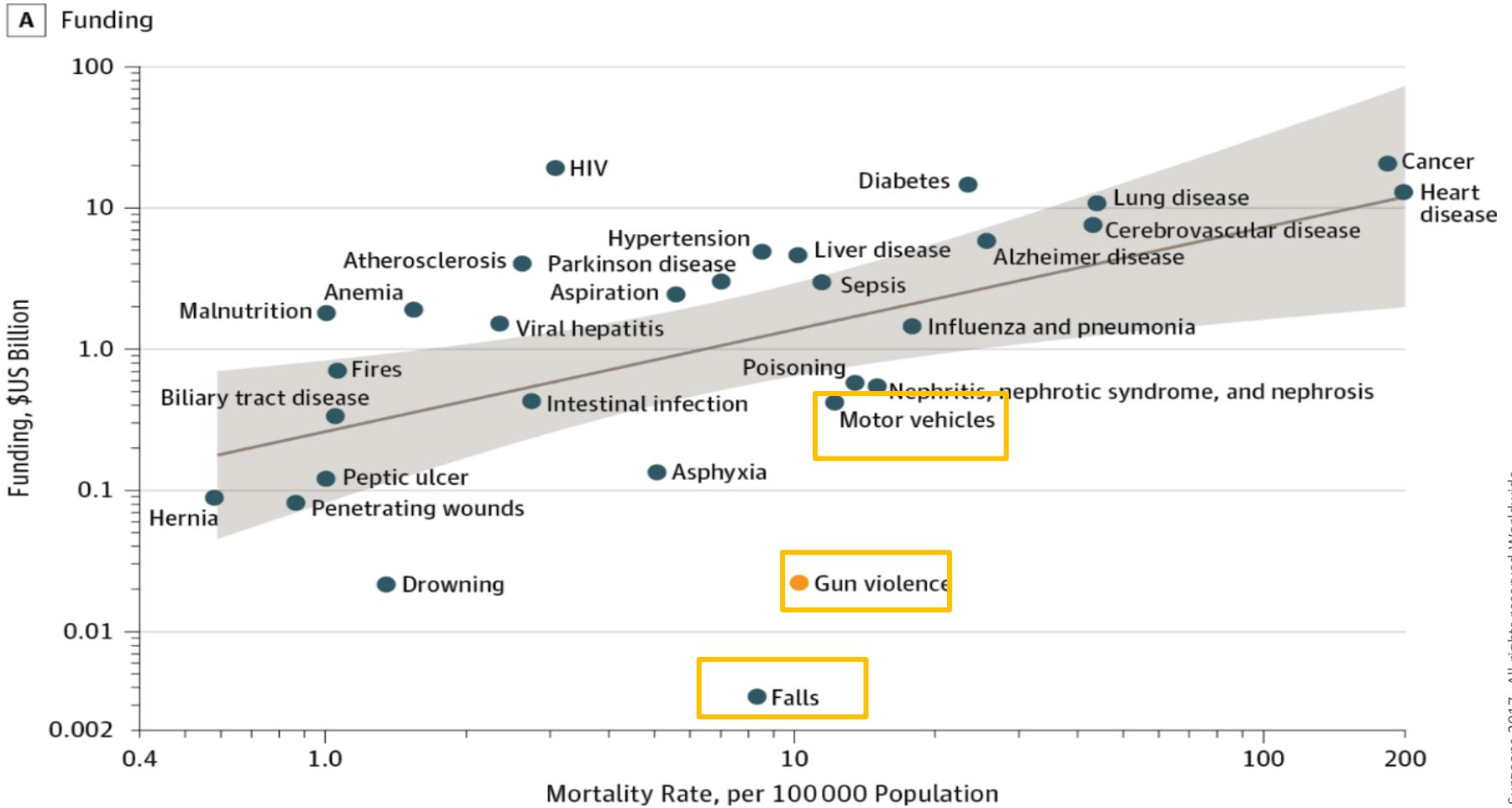
Agency	
NIH	
NSF	
DOE SC (Energy, science office)	
VA	
AFRI (agriculture/food res. inst)	
ARS (agriculture res. service)	
Cost of Injury	



# NIH Research Funding



# Mortality rate vs. Funding



Stark & Shah. 2017. [JAMA](#)  
 Manley, Croce et al, WTA 2017

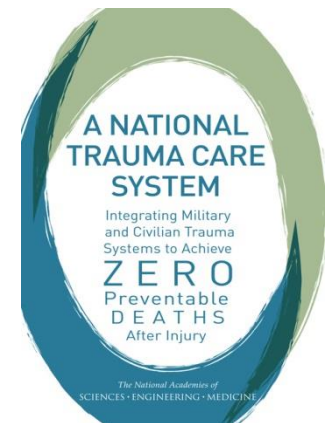


**NIH Funding**  
for medical  
conditions  
relative to their  
total disease  
burden.

*HIV/AIDS +17%*

*Cancer +11%*

*Injuries -12%*



# Relationship Between Amount of NIH Funding and Burden of Disease

## Condition

HIV/AIDS

Cancer

Drug abuse

Dental and oral disease

Diabetes mellitus

Sexually transmitted diseases

Tuberculosis

Kidney disease

Alcohol abuse

Parkinson disease

Multiple Sclerosis

Perinatal conditions

Epilepsy

Schizophrenia

Peptic Ulcer

Otitis Media

Asthma

Cirrhosis

Dementia

Arthritis

Pneumonia

Migraine

Stroke

Depression

COPD

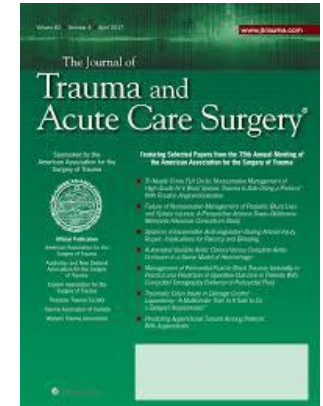
Ischemic heart disease

Injuries



Difference in % of total NIH funding and % of total burden of disease

# Not from lack of trying

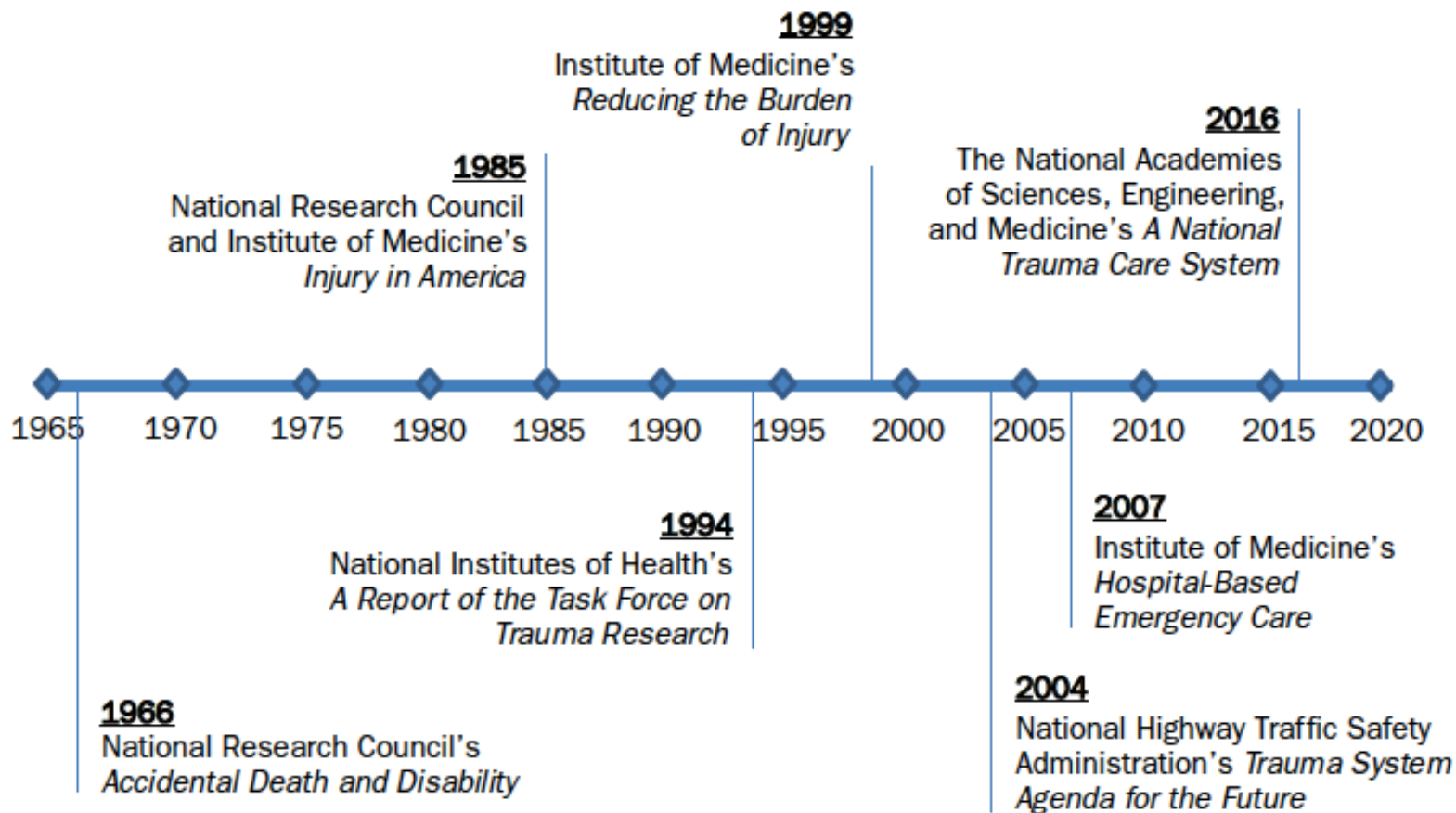


**Coalition for National Trauma Research**  
**National Trauma Institute**  
**American Association for the Surgery of Trauma**  
**Eastern Association for the Surgery of Trauma**  
**Western Trauma Association**  
**Hospital Trauma Life Support - NAEMT**  
**Trauma Evaluation and Management**

# Development of 2016 NASEM Recommendations

- 2016 National Academies of Sciences Engineering and Medicine (I.O.M)
- Military & Civilian Surgeons
- Fellows of the American College of Surgeons & AAST members
- NASEM is the latest of four such reports to recommend significantly increasing trauma federal research funding
- 1966 National Academy of Science White Paper: “Injury: The Neglected Disease”

# History Repeating Itself



**FIGURE 4-4** Timeline of assessments relevant to civilian trauma research.

SOURCES: IOM, 1999, 2007b; NHTSA, 2004; NIH, 1994; NRC, 1966; NRC and IOM, 1985.



# 50 years later: Same problems. Why?

- Efforts at organized clinic care, not research?
- Lack of investigators?
- “Problem is definitely not one of research dollars...we have plenty of money to fund this research...you have a lack of investigators”
- Dept of Defense viewed at primary funding source?
- CDC has abandoned clinical trauma research funding?
- Policy & Politics driven? Leadership driven?
- Circular reasoning: Inadequate funding to drive research?

# Why is this?

- Lack of centralized, organized infrastructure to guide the direction and dispersal of research funding
- Research topics unfocused and not prioritized
- Multicenter trials critical, but very few and underfunded
- Many studies that require a multicenter approach are done as single-center studies, without cohesive use of funds and resources
- Military's battlefield innovations not reliably transferred to the civilian setting
- Maybe we are counting research spending incompletely or inaccurately?

# Military Trauma Research Investment

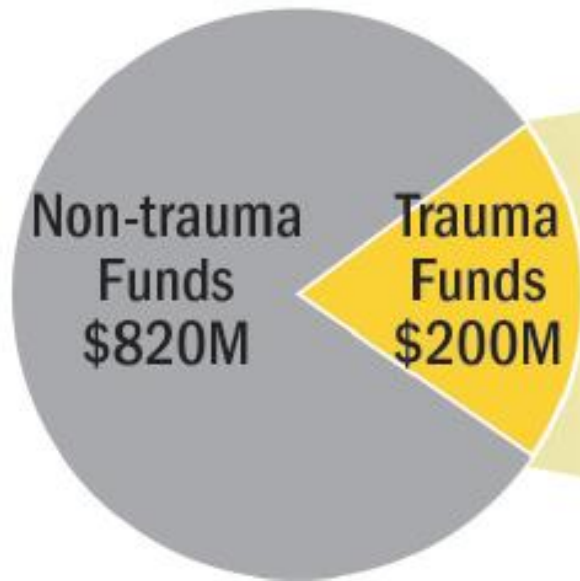


FIGURE 4-6 Military medical research investment in trauma care, 2005-2013.

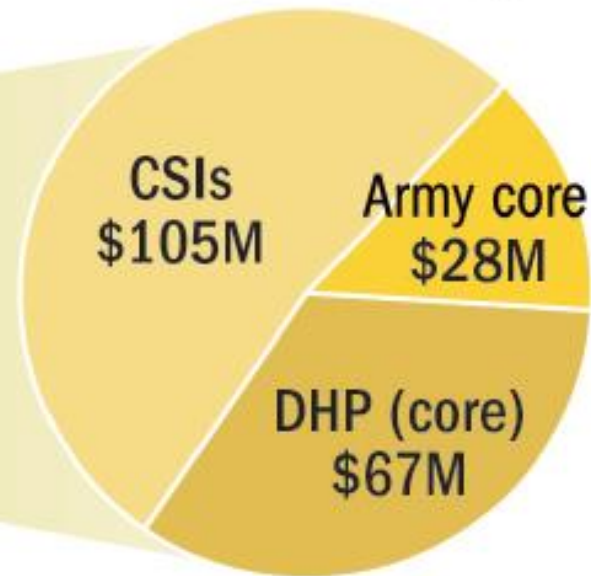
SOURCE: Adapted from [GAO \(2013, p. 5\)](#).

# Military trauma research funding

## Military Medical Research Investment, 2013



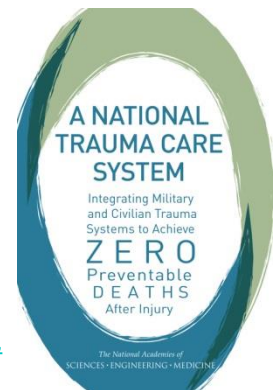
## Type of Trauma Funding



CSI = Congressional special interests; DHP = defense health program

**FIGURE 4-5** Funding sources for military medical research, 2013.

SOURCE: Data from [Rasmussen, 2015](#).



# Research Networks do exist

- Resuscitation Outcomes Consortium (ROC)
  - 12 centers in US and Canada
  - Focus on Prehospital research in cardiac arrest and life threatening trauma
  - Funded by NIH/DOD/CIHR/AHA for past 10 yrs
  - SUNSETTING in 2017

# Research networks do exist

- Neurological Emergency Treatment Trials Network (22 hubs)
  - Focused on neurologic emergencies including TBI
  - Funded by NIH for 10 yrs
  - Sunsetting in 2017

# Other networks

- SIREN
  - NIH funded, multicenter hub/spoke networks
  - Includes all emergency care issues
- LITES
  - DOD funded
  - Focus on trauma research relevant to military

# Congressionally funded (earmarks)

- METRC: orthopedic injuries
- ABA: Burn research
- CNTR: MIMIC (civilian mortality)
- Limitations
  - Not enduring - requires annual begging (appropriation)
  - Funneled through DoD - - - -



# CNTR

Coalition for National Trauma Research

- Organized collaboration of key trauma research stakeholder organizations
- Goal to increase quality and quantity of trauma research to improve patient care
- Match research funding to the burden of the health problem
- Stymied at comprehensive funding efforts

**AAST**

**NTI**

**EAST**

**ACS COT**

**WTA**

# Gaps Identified at Implementation Strategy Meeting

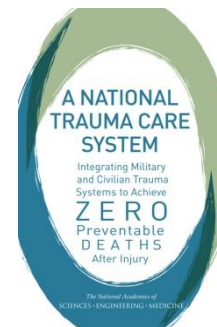
- Research funding is not commensurate with the burden of the problem
- No standard definition of trauma research
- No comprehensive research agenda
  - Injury prevention, acute care, rehabilitation, long term outcomes
- No federal home for comprehensive trauma research
- No National Trauma Research Action plan



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100+years



# Thank You!

Ronnie Stewart

Eileen Bulger